REGISTERED No. 1—1877.

# The Bombay Gazette.

No. 8,734.—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1877.

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## THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* will for the future be as follows:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

| *In Advance.* | | *In Arrear.* | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Per Annum | Rs. 48 | Per Annum | Rs. 60 |
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|---|---|---|---|
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## TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

| | |
|---|---|
| First insertion | Rs. 1 0 |
| Second do. | 2 8 |
| Third do. | 3 8 |
| Fourth and succeeding insertions | 0 2½ As. |

a line but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| First insertion | 9 As. per Line. |
| Second do. | 4½ ,, ,, |
| Third and succeeding | 2½ ,, ,, |

In the Native Language, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found.

The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes will be as follows:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Not exceeding three lines | Rs. 1-0 |
| Each succeeding line | ,, 0-8 As. |

Advertisement exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied in Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the 1 inch.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

## SHIPPING.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government, will despatch the s. s. "COMMILLA" 372 Tons, 140 H. P., Commander J. C. Shaw, on SATURDAY, the 10th Feb. 1877, at 4 P.M., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras Callingapatam, Coconada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalore, False Point and at any other place where inducement offers.

Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked fortnightly by the steamers on this line hence or from intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle to the Steamers of the Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes de la France which run regularly.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, VIA KURRACHEE.

Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will despatch the s. s. "EUPHRATES" 867 Tons, 130 H.P., Commander J. L. Shiell, on FRIDAY, the 9th February, 1877, at 4 P.M., to the PERSIAN GULF, touching at KURRACHEE, MUSCAT, BUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, BUSREH and occasionally at BAHREIN and MAHOMERAH.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

BI-WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will, during the Fair Season, despatch a Steamer to Kurrachee every FRIDAY, at 4 P.M., and an Extra Steamer on every TUESDAY, at 10 A.M.

The s.s. AKOLA, 572 Tons, 130 H.P., Commander T. M. Williams, will be despatched on TUESDAY, the 6th February 1877, at 10 A.M., calling at Veraval, Porc Bunder, Mangrole and Cutch Mandvie.

"The s.s. "EUPHRATES," 867 Tons, 130 H. P., Commander J. L. Shiell, will be despatched on FRIDAY, the 9th February 1877, at 4 P.M.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA and BOMBAY on the 14th *of each month.*

*For extra steamers see list given below.*

PASSENGERS' RATES.

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class. | 3rd Class. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Aden | £22 | £15 | £4 | Without food. |
| Suez | 36 | 22 | 8 | |
| Port Said | 38 | 24 | 14 | |
| Messina | 50 | 34 | 14 | |
| Naples | 50 | 34 | 14 | |
| Leghorn | 50 | 34 | 14 | |
| Genoa | 50 | 34 | 14 | |
| Marseilles | 52 | 35 | 14-10 | |

Including Wine

Children under 3 years—free of charge. Children not above years—half fare.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—

AUSTRALIA to sail on THURSDAY, 1st March 1877.
INDIA, to sail on THURSDAY, 15th March 1877.
PERSIA, to sail on SATURDAY, 31st March 1877.
SUMATRA to sail on SUNDAY, 1st April 1877.
ASSIRIA to sail on SUNDAY, 15th April 1877.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 A.M. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

C. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 9, Hummum Street.

Bombay, 20th January 1877.

RUBATTINO S N. COMPANY.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

EXTRA STEAMERS TO NAPLES, LIVORNO, AND GENOA.

MESSRS. R. RUBATTINO & Co.'s well-known Steamer INDIA, Captain DONEGA, will be despatched as above on THURSDAY, the 15th March next, to be followed by he PERSIA, Captain MERCOLARO, to leave on SATURDAY, the 31st March 1877, *without fail*. For passage and particulars of nformation, apply to

C. GRONDONA, Agent,
Rubattino S. N. Company.

FOR LIVERPOOL, *VIA* SUEZ CANAL.

TO LEAVE ABOUT 16TH FEBRUARY.

THE fine Steamship GUY MANNERING, 2,862 Tons, Captain Charles Mans, will be despatched as above. She has very superior first-class accommodation, and is fitted with every appliance calculated to promote the comfort of Passengers.

The RATE OF PASSAGE is

1st Class to Liverpool ..... Rs. 500.

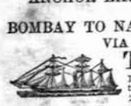
Exclusive of Wines, &c., which, however, can be procured on Board at moderate prices.

For further particulars apply to

W. NICOL, & Co., Agents,
GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.,
Bombay, 20th January 1877. Passenger Agents.

ANCHOR LINE—INDIAN SERVICE.

BOMBAY TO NAPLES AND LIVERPOOL VIA SUEZ CANAL.



THE S. S. INDIA will sail positively on WEDNESDAY, the 14th February, and will be followed by the MACEDONIA on WEDNESDAY, the 28th idem.

Rates of Passage Money.

1st Class to NAPLES ..... Rs. 400.
2nd do. LIVERPOOL ..... Rs. 500.

Passengers desirous of making a short stay in Italy may disembark at Naples and proceed to Liverpool by the following steamer, and Passengers disembarking at Naples can have their heavy Baggage taken on to Liverpool without any extra charge.

Messrs. HOLME & Co., Bombay, are the Company's Agents at Naples, will render any assistance and tender any information required by Passengers.

For Passage, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 29th January 1877.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

S. S. BRANKSOME HALL,

CAPT. KENNETH HORE.

THE above Steamer will sail for LIVERPOOL on WEDNESDAY, the 28th February, positively.

For Passage, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 30th January 1877.

SALE OF WRECK—On account of whom it may concern, there will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION on THURSDAY, the 15th February, the Hull, Machinery and Cargo of the Steamer DACCA, of 2,049 Tons and 300 H. P., as the vessel lies on the Santipilly rocks, near Bimlipatam.

W. NICOL & Co.
Agents, B. I. S. N. Co. (Ld

Bombay, 31st January 1877.

## SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other first-class Vessels will be despatched for EUROPE:—

| Vessels. | Tons. | H.P. | Captains. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| — NIZAM | 2725 | 450 | A. E. Barlow | 5th Feb. |
| S. SURAT | 3141 | 530 | G. C. Burne | 12th do. |
| — TEHERAN | 2589 | 400 | A. H. Johnson | 19th do. |
| S. CATHAY | 2982 | 450 | R. T. Dundas | 26th do. |
| — VENETIA | 2726 | 450 | E. Ashdown | 4th March. |
| S. PEKIN | 3777 | 600 | W. Woolcott | 12th do. |
| — SUMATRA | 2488 | 450 | C. Anderson | 19th do. |
| S. MONGOLIA | 3833 | 530 | A. Coleman | 26th do. |
| — TANJORE | 2263 | 450 | J. Orman | 2nd April. |
| S. MIRZAPORE | 3763 | 600 | A. Parish | 9th do. |
| — SIAM | 2900 | 500 | N. W. Hazelwood | 16th do. |
| S. MALWA | 2933 | 450 | P. S. Tomlin | 23rd do. |
| — NIZAM | 2725 | 450 | A. E. Barlow | 30th do. |
| S. ASSAM | 3033 | 500 | N. Stewart | 7th May. |
| — THIBET | 2593 | 400 | G. F. Cates | 14th do. |
| S. SURAT | 3141 | 530 | G. C. Burne | 21st do. |

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked S. proceed direct to Southampton; but by the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Ancona, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

A small Steamer leaves the New Dock Head at Mazagon, at 2 P.M. precisely, on the day of sailing.

GEORGE F. HENRY, Superintendent.

Bombay, 1st February 1877.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

On TUESDAY, the 6th Feb. 1877, at 3 P.M., from Mazagon.

THE P. and O. Co.'s S.S. KASHGAR, (2,621 Tons and 450 H. P.), Captain E. J. Baker, will be despatched as above, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing, and no brokerage will be allowed on any chest of Opium, the Officer's receipt for which is not lodged in the Company's Office before Noon, on SATURDAY, the 3rd February 1877.

GEORGE F. HENRY,
Bombay, 23rd Jan. 1877. Superintendent.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports calling at Galle).

| | Tons. | H. P. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| BAGALORE | 2061 | 500 | Capt G. N. Hector 3rd March at 3 P. M. |
| AVOCA | 1462 | 250 | Capt E. G. Stead 31st March at 3 P. M. |

GEORGE F. HENRY,
3, Rampart Row, 27th January 1877. Superintendent.

FOR LIVERPOOL, *VIA* SUEZ CANAL.

THE FINE new Steamship ARGO, Lewis Jones, Commander, will sail early next week; has excellent accommodation for First Class Passengers.

For Terms and further particulars, apply to Captain Jones on board, or to

MARWANJEE NUSSERWANJEE,
Bombay, 1st February 1877. Agent.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per S.S. ÆGEAN, Captain Jones, ARRIVED from LONDON, are hereby requested to SEND their BILLS of LADING to our Office for our Inspection and countersignature, and to PAY FREIGHT and TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS from the Bunders.

No Claim will be admitted for Damage or Short Delivery, &c, under any circumstance, unless passed by the Captain before departure of the Vessel.

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents for Captain Jones, s. s. Ægean.
Bombay, 3rd February 1877.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 4, FORBES STREET.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome household furniture, best plated, rich glass and crockery wares, a first-class full-toned mahogany semi-grand piano by "John Broadwood and Sons" made for India, a handsome harmonium, handsome English-built light mail phaeton, broughams, hansom cabs, horses, plants, &c., at Malabar Hill.

On THURSDAY, the 8th February, at 1 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place, the valuable and handsome household furniture, plated, glass, and porcelain wares, piano, harmonium, carriages, horses, plants, &c., the property of R. G. Walton, Esq., the same comprises rich then stim glassware, handsome dinner and dessert services richly gilt and embossed, oxidized silver biscuit box, handsome ice picter, claret jug, cruet and pickle stands with rich cut bottles, teaset, toast rack, sugar basket, 2 mid waiters, an oakwood case containing a set of best electroplated beaded pattern spoons and forks for 12 persons, handsome plated fish eating knives and forks with ivory handles, cutlery, sing'e barrelled rifle by "Lancaster," &c., handsome seasoned blackwood furniture such as a very handsome and unique circular table for 12 persons, with fountain and tank containing gold fish, handsome Madras pattern arm chairs, elegantly carved, circular, pier, card and writing tables, easy and drawing room chairs, full backed conversation and half backed sofas, centre ottomans, teypoys, whatnot-, monkey tables, a first class mahogany semi—grand piano by "Broadwood & Sons," a sweet toned Rosewood harmonium with 13 stops by "Debain," very elegant Alabaster Antique pattern marble vases, Bronze statues, very handsome 8 day French clocks, chiffonier, rich brussel's drawing room carpet, rich table ornaments, firstrate lographs in gilt frames, English iron painted cots, handsome massives, dressing, washing and side tables with marble tops, clothes presses, wardrobes, dispense articles, a valuable collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots &c.

AT 2 P.M.

1 Handsome English built mail phaeton of "Lewis" of Salisbury.
1 Do. ,, ,, light brougham by "Holman & Co.,"
1 Do. Madras built office do.
1 Do. English built handsome cab.
1 Do. light do.

Sets of English made single and double harness, &c.

Catalogues are published and the property is now on view.

N.B.—The plants will be sold on Thursday, the 8th instant, at 6-30 A.M.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 5th February 1877.

JEHANGHIER HORMUSJEE & COMPANY, No. 12, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE of Wellington Ankle and Stable Boots of different sizes belonging to Army Clothing Department.

On MONDAY, the 12th instant, at 1 P.M., precisely, Messrs. JEHANGHIER HORMUSJEE & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises occupied J. H. & Co's. Army Clothing Department Nesbit Lane, Byculla, by order of Superintendent of Army Clothing, the following boots in lots of from ten to twenty pairs to meet the requirements of intending purchasers.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 340 | Pairs of Wellington Boots of sizes. | | |
| 452 | ,, | Stable | do. ,, |
| 532 | ,, | Ankle | do. ,, |
| 290 | ,, | Wellington | do. ,, |
| 327 | ,, | Stable | do. do. |
| 1,318 | ,, | Ankle | do. ,, |

20 Cases containing in each 100 bars of Brown Soaps.

The property will be on view three days before the day of sale.

JEHANGHIER HORMUSJEE & Co.

Bombay, 5th February 1877.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW READY,
BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12
Single Copy ..... Annas 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadow Street, Fort.

NOW READY,
THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summary of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1867 and 1875 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date with the total for the month and the same period as far back as 1865 and 1875 respectively.
Share List and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance.... Rs. 10
Single Copy ..... Annas 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office Meadow Street, Fort

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

A LARGE SUPPLY on hand. Usual DISCOUNT to the TRADE.

AGENTS.—D. S. KEMP & Co., BOMBAY.

CAPTAIN BURTON'S

TONIC BITTERS.

USED with invariable benefit and STRONGLY RECOMMENDED by that Eminent Traveller.

Per Bottle—Rs. 2.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY

HOUSEHOLD CLARET.

A SOUND and trustworthy Wine for general table use. Fresh shipment just bottled.

PER DOZEN ..... Rs. 10.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL,
GRANT ROAD.

FASHIONABLE NIGHT.
TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, 6TH FEBRUARY.

BENEFIT
OF
MR. MICHAEL COMERFORD,
STAGE MANAGER OF THE
STAR COMPANY,
AND LATE OF
LEWIS'S DRAMATIC AND BURLESQUE COMPANY.

SPECIAL ATTRACTION.
FIRST TIME
Of the admired Two Act Comedy,
WOODCOCK'S LITTLE GAME,
As played at the St. James's Theatre, London, by the great Charles Mathews;
And of the One-Act Drama by J. Maddison Morton, Esq.,
A PRINCE FOR AN HOUR.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Dress Circle, Rs. 3; Stalls, Rs. 2; Gallery, Rs. 1.
PIT, EIGHT ANNAS.
Seats can be secured at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.
Doors open at 8-30. Performance to commence at 9, Carriages at 11.

WANTED, a FURNISHED BUNGALOW on Malabar Hill or Cumballa Hill for three or four months. Apply "C. E.," care of *Bombay Gazette*.

AUCTION SALE of fine Serviceable PERSIAN HORSES on WEDNESDAY, the 7th instant, at 3 o'clock P.M., at the Byculla Commission Stable, to close the accounts of different owners proceeding to their country.

ALLI ABDOOLLA.

TO LET, an UPPER-STORIED COMMODIOUS BUNGALOW at Breach Candy, opposite to "The Scandal Point," having six Bed-rooms and Bath-room, water laid on, and the whole house is matted throughout. Rent only Rs. 200.

For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

M. BRESLAUER & Co. have received a further CONSIGNMENT of LADIES DRESS GOODS, consisting of J-panese Silks, Muslins, Black and Colored Silks, Merinos, Alpaccas, etc., etc. Also a very nice selection of

VALENTINES,
From 4 Annas to Rs. 5 each.

M. BRESLAUER & Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a MEETING of the CREDITORS of PRANJEEWANDAS HURJEEVANDAS, lately trading under the Names of GOCULDAS SAKURCHUND, PRANJEEVUN HURJEEVUN and PRANJEEVUN GOCUL will be held at my Office, No. 5, Apollo Street, Fort, near the High Court House, on SATURDAY, the 10th day of February, 1877, at 3 o'clock in the After noon, when certain proposals will be laid before the said Creditors. All persons claiming to be Creditors of the said Pranjeevandas Hurjeevandas are requested to attend the said meeting.

JOHN MACFARLANE.
Attorney for Pranjeevandas Hurjeevandas.

EDUCATIONAL.—BANGALORE.

MISS S. MILLARD will receive young Ladies under 14 years of age on the following Terms:—BOARD, &c. AND A GOOD ENGLISH EDUCATION, Rupees Forty-five per month.

There are VACANCIES for young Ladies above 16 years of age as private Boarders. Terms Rs. 60 per month.

Lessons in any of the accomplishments given if required.

References requested and given. For further information address Miss S. MILLARD, Melville House.

J. NEUBERG,
5, Meadow Street.
TO SMOKERS.

JUST TO HAND,
A CHOICE PARCEL OF
MANILLA
CIGARS AND CHEROOTS
No. 2,
"CAVITE" BRAND,
Extra fine quality and size. The finest production of the MANILLAS, and CHOICEST IMPORTATION of the Season.

Carefully selected by Mr. NEUBERG'S
SPECIAL AGENT AT
MANILLA,
Rs. 65 per 1,000.
Per Box of 100, Rs. 7.

No. 3 CIGARS,
Rs. 40 per 1,000.
Per Box of 200, Rs. 9.

REAL HAVANNAHS.
A small shipment of the most celebrated Brands just to hand, at prices ranging from Rs. 20 to Rs. 36 per hundred.

AN EARLY APPLICATION IS ADVISED.

AMERICAN TOBACCOS
OF THE FINEST BRANDS
IN CAKE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| GOLDEN BLOCK | per lb. Rs. | 3 0 |
| HONEY DEW | ,, | 2 8 |

CIGARETTES.
A SMALL CONSIGNMENT OF
"RUSSIANS."
JUST TO HAND,
EXQUISITE BOUQUET AND FLAVOR
Rs. 2 to Rs 3-8 per Box of 100.

NOTE.—*Outstation Orders to be accompanied with Cash or reference.*

J. NEUBERG.
MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

LIQUOR CHIRETTINÆ
AND
SACCHARO-CHIRETTINE

Are prompt and powerful Tonics; adapted to patients of all ages, and incapable of deranging the most delicate functions. In Nervous and Muscular Lassitude and in want of Appetite they are invaluable.

Per Bottle
Liq. Chirettinæ, Rs. 2-8 and Rs. 4-8.
Sacch. Chirettine, ,, 1-8 and ,, 2-8.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
*SURGEON DENTIST,*
No. 2, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the New General Post Office.

## SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE, A TRAINED CAVALRY CHARGER, Bay Arab, 7 years, showy action in Saddle and Harness. Price Rs. 750. Address "H.K." care *Bombay Gazette*.

SPENCER'S Masonic publications, Calendar and Pocket Book, Aprons and Jewels, for sale at N. V. Cranke & Co.'s, Elphinstone Circle, opposite the Custom House.

AMERICAN LUMBER, 1 and 2 inch, for sale in lots to suit. Apply to DOSSABHOY MERWANJEE & Co., 7, Parsee Bazaar Street.

FOR SALE, CLARET St. JULIEN, Quarts Rs. 15-8; Pints, Rs. 8-8 per dozen. Apply to GEO. GAHAGAN, Elphinstone Circle.

FOR SALE, a set of SECOND-HAND ENGLISH DOUBLE HARNESS, in good order. For Price, &c apply at this Office.

FOR SALE, large open CARRIAGE, HARNESS and pair of WALERS—one Horse a Charger. Price Rs. 1,600. Apply 6, MARINE LINES.

WANTED, a furnished BUNGALOW in MARINE LINES up to 1st June. Rs. 150 a month will be given. Apply "F," *Bombay Gazette*.

G. I. P. RAILWAY—WANTED, a NATIVE SURVEYOR competent to make Surveys and Trace Levels. Salary Rupees 100 per month. Apply to CHIEF ENGINEER'S OFFICE, Elphinstone Circle.

WANTED, within TEN MINUTES' WALK of BYCULLA STATION, one LARGE or two SMALL ROOMS, Bath room and use of Cook-house. Full particulars to "CHINCHOW," Post Office, Byculla.

"ALPHA" would be glad to hear from a well-to-do Roman Catholic childless married couple willing to adopt as THEIR OWN his only MOTHERLESS DAUGHTER, three years old. Apply by letter care of this Office.

## GRATIS AND POST FREE ON APPLICATION.

TREACHER & COMPANY'S List of HATS, CAPS, HELMETS, &c., &c. (ILLUSTRATED).

TREACHER & COMPANY'S Priced List of OILMAN'S STORES AND PRESERVED PROVISIONS.

TREACHER & COMPANY'S Priced List of WINES, SPIRITS, BEER AND LIQUEURS.

TREACHER & COMPANY'S Priced List of CUTLERY AND TABLE PLATE.

TREACHER & COMPANY'S Priced List of ELECTRO-PLATED WARES (ILLUSTRATED).

TREACHER & COMPANY'S Priced List of CRYSTAL TABLE GLASSWARE (ILLUSTRATED).

TREACHER & COMPANY'S Priced List of SPORTING AMMUNITION AND REQUISITES.

TREACHER & COMPANY'S Priced List of CRICKETING AND GENERAL GYMKHANA KIT.

TREACHER & COMPANY'S Priced List of ARTISTS' MATERIALS AND REQUISITES.

TREACHER & COMPANY'S Priced List of SUPERIOR TOILET PREPARATIONS.

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**ASQUITH & CO.** invite the attention of HOMEWARD-BOUND PASSENGERS to their *Large Stock* of the above, all of the Best London Manufacture, Light, Strong, Durable, and moderate in cost.

| | Inches. | Prices. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| GENT'S OVERLAND TRUNKS—Best Japanned Canvas, with strong Brass Locks. The Correct Cabin Height | 37<br>30<br>33<br>33 | 27<br>30<br>33<br>33 | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0 |
| Extra Quality—Stout dull Canvas, Edges bound with Leather. The strongest and best Trunk made, highly recommended for Cabin use. | 30<br>33<br>35 | 36<br>39<br>42 | 0<br>0<br>0 |
| TRAYS to fit the above ..... from | .. | 3 | 8 |
| LADIES' OVERLAND TRUNKS—Fitted with Tray, and Division for Millinery | 33<br>36 | 50<br>58 | 0<br>0 |
| "The Railway" Indian Portmanteau Covered with Tan Canvas, very strong and durable, fitted with outside Straps, for Coat or Rug strong Brass Lever Lock. We recommend this article for Continental Travelling or hardwear. | 22<br>24<br>26<br>30 | 28<br>31<br>34<br>41 | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0 |
| BEST SOLID LEATHER—Fitted and finished as above, with all details | 24<br>26 | 48<br>52 | 0<br>0 |
| SOLID LEATHER PORTMANTEAUS—Extra Thick Substance made with Turned Edges, Copper riveted. The Corners clamped with Brass, Buckles, and Straps of the best quality, fitted with Patent Lock. The most durable and best finished article manufactured | 30 | 100 | 0 |
| CABIN BAGS—Made of Strong Japanned Canvas, a most useful article for a Sea Journey, opening full size at Top, fitted with Tray for Linen, &c. | ... | | |
| THE GLADSTONE BAG—Expanding, made of Black Hide Leather, possessing great capacity, very light and strong, fitted with Patent Spring Lock, and outside Straps for Rug or Coat | 20<br>22<br>24 | 33<br>39<br>43 | 0<br>0<br>0 |
| THE GLADSTONE BAG—Same make as above. Best Stained Oxhide, fittings of the best description | 22<br>24 | 44<br>49 | 0<br>0 |
| BLACK HIDE HAND BAGS—Fitted with strong Spring Locks | from | 12 | 8 |
| SOILED LINEN BAGS—Lock Frame made of stout Canvas | | 5<br>6 | 8<br>8 |

| | Inches. | Prices. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| COURIER BAGS—Stout Tan Canvas with Patent Spring Lock, outside Pocket for Papers, &c. Strap passing round bottom for extra security | | 9<br>10 | 0<br>8 |
| COURIER BAGS—Stained Oxhide, the strongest made | | 12 | 0 |
| THE SANDRINGHAM DRESSING BAG—Fitted with every article necessary for the Traveller. The dressing and writing materials are separately arranged in a most convenient manner, leaving a large space available for Kit | | 350 | 0 |
| AIR TIGHT CASES—Suitable for Uniform, made of best Japanned Black Tin. Strong Locks and Handles, most useful for Travellers | 22<br>24 | 24<br>28 | 0<br>0 |
| EXTRA LARGE—Suitable for Lashing with Patent Lid to allow being placed in wood case | 26<br>28 | 35<br>50 | 0<br>0 |
| TRAVELLING BATHS—Portable for Travellers, made of strong Vulcanized Iron, fitted with Basket, forming a commodious Trunk, finished with strong Lever Lock and Leather Strap | 31<br>33<br>36 | 42<br>45<br>50 | 0<br>0<br>0 |
| OVERLAND CHAIRS—Made of strong Beechwood, high sloping Backs, finished throughout with strong Screws | | 9<br>11<br>13 | 8<br>8<br>8 |
| RUG STRAPS—With the new regist-red Handle, easy to carry securing a Stick or Umbrella as firm as a Large Rug | | 2<br>3 | 8<br>0 |
| MONEY BELTS—Made of best Bridle Leather, strongly sewn | | 3<br>4 | 8<br>8 |
| SOVEREIGN BOXES—The safest and most compact Gold Purse yet introduced | | 3<br>3 | 0<br>8 |
| HAT CASES—Best Brown Leather, the inner fittings being moveable, small articles can be placed round | | 12 | 8 |
| HAT CASES—Same make as above, made of stout Tan Canvas | | 22 | 0 |
| HAT COMPENDIUMS—With moveable fittings for change of Linen, &c | | 23 | 0 |

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FROM H. AND C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAU

## COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, 3RD FEB. 1877.

CONSOLS yesterday receded from 95⅞ to 95½, and recovered again to-day to 95⅞. French Rentes from 108½ are now quoted at 106½ ex-dividend.

The Liverpool Cotton Market yesterday was reported flat at a decline of 1/16d. all round in Surats and American, the sales being 8,000 bales; and to-day's market Reuter calls quiet at unchanged prices, sales 6,000 bales. As usual of late, however, private advices are decidedly less favourable in tone, one message we know of calling the market depressed, and quoting fully good Fair Omrawuttee, February March shipment via Canal at 6d. per lb., a decline of ⅛d. in three days. Large imports into Liverpool and heavy receipts at the American ports are the depressing causes, and the only wonder is that prices have not receded more than they have done. Last week's receipts were 15,000 bales over last year, and we begin the current week with Saturday's figures showing an excess of 8,000 bales as compared with the corresponding date last year. It is not likely that this scale can be maintained for any length of time, but even a considerable reduction would leave ample room for a 4½ million crop in which case we scarcely think present prices would be justified. The American crop figures to date are as follows:—

| | 1877. | 1876. | 1875. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Week's Receipts ..... | 141,000 | 128,000 | 108,000 |
| „ Exports to U. K..... | 22,000 | 23,000 | 58,000 |
| „ „ to Continent ... | 25,000 | 45,000 | 57,000 |
| Total since 1st Sept. ..... | 3,144,000 | 3,064,000 | 2,626,000 |
| „ Exports to U. K. ... | 1,236,000 | 1,085,000 | 1,043,000 |
| „ „ Continent „ ... | 592,000 | 653,000 | 421,000 |
| „ Stock at the Ports ..... | 590,000 | 925,000 | 532,000 |

| This week. | Last week. |
|---|---|
| Saturday's Receipts.. 27,000 | 25,000 | 19,000 | 14,000 |

Saturday's telegrams from New York quote ready Mid. Uplands at 12 cents. May shipment at 13⅛ cents., an advance in both instances of ⅛ cent. per lb.

The visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 2nd instant compares with the previous two years as follows:—

| | 1877. | 1876. | 1875. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Total supply of all kinds. | 2,770,000 | 2,892,000 | 2,767,140 |
| „ „ „ Surats ... | 219,000 | 461,450 | 606,440 |

For the U. K. only the figures are:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Stock in Liverpool ..... | 781,000 | 743,000 | 772,660 |
| Do. London..... | 85,000 | 72,150 | 126,200 |
| American Afloat..... | 320,000 | 301,000 | 263,000 |
| E. Indian „ ..... | 58,000 | 85,000 | 144,000 |
| | 1,194,000 | 1,201,150 | 1,305,860 |
| Price of Mid. Orleans ... | 6 15 16d. | 6 13-16d. | 7¾d. |
| „ Fair Dhollera... | 6¾d. | 4 7-16d. | 5⅛d. |
| Difference... | 1 5-16d. | 2⅜d. | 2⅝d. |

Piece Goods in Manchester yesterday were flat, but unchanged as regards price. Reuter's quotations, however, are considerably over what goods can actually be bought at.

In Mincing Lane Coffee was quiet yesterday, G. O. Native and Mysore being quoted 2s. per cwt. lower, while Plantation was firm at an advance of 1s. Cocoanut Oil was unaltered and Seeds are quoted the same as on Thursday.

Withdrawals from the Bank of England for France still go on, £450,000 having been taken since Wednesday's return.

Bar Silver in London is still quoted at 57¼d. per oz. Reuter's message of yesterday confirms the reduction in the amount of Council drafts to be offered at Wednesday's biddings to £175,000, but nothing is said as to the permanency of the arrangement, and it may be that Government thinking the present weakness in Exchange only temporary, do not intend to continue the reduced amount for more than a few weeks, or possibly until the exact sum of their original estimate is reached. In any case we think the best policy in the long run would have been to keep up their drawings during the busy season, as we can see no reason to anticipate anything like present rates being maintained throughout the monsoon.

STERLING EXCHANGE to-day has again been firm with a further advance of 1 16d. per rupee. The extent of business done, however, has been very small, sellers of House Paper being few, while the enquiry for Bank Bills is equally limited. We quote:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bank Bills, on demand ..... | 1s. 10 3-16d. | per Rupee |
| Do. 6 months' sight... | 1s. 10¼d. | „ |
| Credits, 3 „ „ ... | 1s. 10 7-16d. | „ |
| Documents, 3 „ „ ... | 1s. 10⅛d. | „ |

On Calcutta we have not heard of any actual business. Demand drafts are still quoted at 3 16 premium; 60 days sight at 98⅛, buyers but no sellers.

GOVERNMENT PAPER is unchanged at for Fours, Rs. 98; Fours-and-a-half, Rs. 98½; Fives-and-a-half, Rs. 100¾.

The SHARE MARKET continues dull. Bank of Bombays have declined ¼ per cent. Colaba Land shares are Rs. 10 lower. Press Companies are without change of any kind. In Spinning and Weaving shares we notice an advance of Rs. 5 in Flemings and Great Easterns, and a decline of the same amount in Manockjee Petits and Nursey Spinning and Weaving.

COTTON to-day has been dull in the extreme at a decline of Rs. 2 per candy. There is some demand for ready Cotton to cover previous contracts, but with that exception there are few buyers unless at a further concession, which sellers in the face of the present absurdly high level of the up-country markets do seem inclined to make. Arrivals yesterday were 3,900 bales, considerably over the average of late, but from what we can learn this rate is not likely to be kept up during the week, the delay on the G. I. P. Railway being still very great. It is worthy of notice that the clearances of Cotton for sea since the beginning of the year fall short of the corresponding period last year by about 5,000 bales or nearly ten per cent. To-day's quotations are:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Best Hingunghaut, ready ..... | Rs. 215 per candy f.p. | | |
| „ Ginned Broach, „ ..... | „ 216 | „ | |
| „ Akote March ..... | „ 200 | „ | |
| Good Omra- „ ..... | „ 193 | „ | |
| F. G. F „ ..... | „ 196 | „ | |
| G. F. „ ..... | „ 192 | „ | |
| F. G. F. Dhollera April ..... | „ 198 | „ | |
| G. F. „ ..... | „ 193 | „ | |

FREIGHTS have been extremely dull to day, and although £2 10 is still the nominal quotation for ready shipment, rates for a few days forward have been offering at £2 5 per ton for Liverpool. Buy sail there is nothing doing as yet.

PIECE GOODS are very quiet and prices show a further downward tendency under an increased pressure to sell. Business to any extent can only be done by a concession of as. 1 and in some case as. 2 per piece from current quotations.

## THE NEW LIVERPOOL AVERAGE AGREEMENT.

*To the Editor of the Times.*

Sir,—The "Declaration and Protest" recently issued by Lloyd's and the London Insurance Companies would carry great weight were it not evident that it has been drawn up in ignorance or misapprehension of the thing protested against.

*Prima facie* it is not likely that the Underwriters' Association, the Shipowners' Association, and the Chamber of Commerce of Liverpool would have in concert drawn up a form of agreement injurious or unfair to any of the three great interests they represent. In fact, this form, which has been prepared after long and repeated discussion between these bodies, is believed to furnish an equitable, perhaps the only equitable, solution of a very difficult problem. That problem was, to reconcile the respective rights of shipowner, owner of cargo, and underwriter.

The shipowner has by law a lien on the cargo for general average. In delivering the cargo to the consignees, he parts with that lien. He cannot be required to do this without some equivalent for the security which he gives up. What shall that equivalent be? For many years that equivalent, in Liverpool almost invariably, and in London not unfrequently, was an undertaking by the consignee to refer the question of liability and its amount to an average-adjuster named in the agreement, by whose decision the merchant and the shipowner were to be bound.

This system was vigorously assailed a few years ago by some underwriters in London. What was the result? So far as the attack was successful, its only effect was that shipowners, deprived of the security they were used to, insisted, before parting with their cargoes, on deposits of money to cover their claims for general average pending the adjustment. I do not know that this remedy has been to any great extent abused. But it is obviously liable to abuse. The deposits were naturally somewhat, and occasionally largely, in excess of the amounts ultimately found due. They came into the hands of the shipowners, and there was no security that any overplus should be refunded, still less any guarantee that it should be refunded without dispute. Cases have been known of of deposits collected where it turned out that there was no claim for general average whatever, and where, by the time a refund was demanded the shipowner had become insolvent.

The new form of average-agreement provides a remedy for all these evils. It secures the deposit fund by placing it in joint names. It secures to the shipowners a cheap, prompt, and final settlement, not leaving them to be handled about from merchant to underwriter, slowly together to get her the contributions due to them by a levy to be disputed at every step. To the underwriters, on the other side, it gives an opportunity, without inflicting loss on their own constituents, to inspect and, in case of need, object to the adjustment before it has acquired a binding force. Only if they raise an objection they must do so in a reasonable time, and bring it to a speedy issue.

The new average-agreement provides—1, that the adjuster must send a copy of his statement to each party interested on the day on which it bears date; 2, that within fifteen days of that date any party to the agreement may send in notice of objection, specifying the grounds of it; 3, that thereupon the objector and the adjuster shall fix upon an arbitrator, or, if they cannot come to terms, then the chairman of the adjusters' Association shall name an arbitrator to deal with the matter thus in difference; 4, that the adjustment shall be modified in conformity with such arbitrator's award; and, finally, that when this has been done, or in case no objection has been raised within the fifteen days, the adjustment shall then be no longer open to dispute. Thus the adjuster, so far from having "more than judicial authority, has less than the power of an ordinary arbitrator, for his judgment is in every case subject to appeal.

The arbitrator thus appointed has of course the power, in case of need at the request of either party, to state a special case and so obtain the decision of a superior Court on any point of principle.

Lloyds and the London companies must really allow us to try our little experiment. It concerns ourselves mainly. We are endeavouring to cure evils which they have not been the least loud in complaining of.

As for the form of agreement which Lloyd's offers as a substitute it is the same they offered years ago, and which the shipowner of Liverpool would not and will not accept. And why? Simply because it amounts to nothing. The consignees of cargo are good enough to say in this agreement that they will pay such general average as they ought to pay. But how and by whom that is to be determined this form leaves an open question. It reserves to the merchant or his underwriters every possible loophole of evasion. To call such an agreement in any sense an equivalent for the security which the shipowner gives up is to use language which men of business do not understand.—I am, Sir, your most obedient servant, Liverpool, Jan. 10.

The following is the Liverpool answer to the London "Declaration and Protest." :—

"The undersigned, representing the Chamber of Commerce, the Underwriters' Association, and the Shipowners' Association, having observed in *The Times* of yesterday a protest against the Liverpool form of average-agreement, and having carefully considered this protest, deem it fitting to declare,—

"That this form was drawn up after a careful consideration of the whole subject, in the first place by each of the above named bodies, and afterwards by delegates appointed by each of those bodies associated in conference.

"That this form provides, in their opinion, the most effectual remedy for the practical difficulties which have long been complained of.

"That, so far from giving the adjuster more than judicial authority, this form supplies an efficient machinery for appealing against, and in case of need correcting, an adjuster's decisions.

"It also provides that none of the parties concerned shall be called upon to settle upon an adjustment which may afterwards be declared inaccurate.

"That the alternative form offered by the London Underwriters is the same which they have before attempted to introduce in Liverpool, but entirely without success, because the shipowners regard as in insufficient for their protection.

"SAMUEL SMITH, President, Chamber of Commerce.
"PHILIP H. RATHBONE, Chairman, Underwriters' Association.
"JOHN WILLIAMSON, Deputy Chairman, Shipowners' Association.
"Liverpool, Jan. 9."

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s s. s. CANARA, 1,229 tons, Captain T. Sanders, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, in ballast.

THE SHIP FRANK PENDLETON, 1,414 tons, Captain W. G. Nichol, will sail to-day for Calcutta, in ballast.

THE SHIP GEORGE F. MANSON, 1,379 tons, Captain C. R. Humphry, sailed on Saturday last for Diamond Island, in ballast.

THE P. AND O. Co.'s s. s. ASSAM, 1,747, tons, Captain W. Starratt, sailed on Saturday last for Australia, with Australian mails and general cargo.

THE s. s. Egbert, 1,110 tons, Captain W. Barwise, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from Shields (December 30th), via the Suez Canal, with a cargo of 1,772 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. W. and A. Graham and Co.

THE s. s. PEARL, 366 tons, Captain W. McGregor, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from Coast and Cutch, with a general cargo and forty-four deck passengers. She sailed on Saturday last for same ports, with Mr. Jewandass Ebjee, and twenty deck passengers

THE s. s. MADRAS, 1,070 tons Captain J. Green, arrived in harbour on the 2nd instant from Shields (December 19th), via the Suez Canal, with a cargo of 1,600 tons coals, and Mrs. Greenbury and daughter, and twenty-six pilgrims. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. MacCulloch, Beyts and Co.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s s. s. PUTTIALL, 494 tons, Captain R. Henderson, sailed on Saturday last for Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mrs. Speechley, Mr. W. Sandwith and servant, Apothecary J. Ranger and servant, Surg and Mrs. J. Lawrence, and twenty-four deck passengers.

THE s. s. ZEBRA, 832 tons, Captain R. D. Jones' arrived in harbour on the 2nd instant, from London (December 21st), via Port Said, Suez, and the Suez Canal, with the following cargo:—448 packages wine and spirit, 676 cases brandy, 162 packages paper, 168 cases matches 64 cases thread, 13,369 bars and 1,200 bundles iron, 534 kegs nails, 264 packages ironmongery, 233 packages beer, 73 packages pianofortes, 35 cases champagne, 29 packages earthenware, 98 cases clocks, 37 cases medicine, 361 cases candles, 235 cases gin, 40 barrels whiting, 57 packages glassware, 2 cases boots, 70 cases chimney, 88 cases soap, 96 cases empty bottles, 1,591 plates spelter, 50 cases stationery, 200 casks cement, 165 cases tobacco, 228 blocks asphalt, and many other packages merchandize. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Finlay, Muir and Co.

### ARRIVALS.

| Feb. | Vessels. | Commanders. | From. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | Ægean (s) | Jones | London, Dec. 21. |
| | Madras (s) | Green | Shields, Dec. 19. |
| 3 | Egb rt (s) | Ian Wise | Shields, Dec. 30. |
| | Pearl (s) | W. Gregor | Dandevie, Feb. 2. |

### DEPARTURES.

| Feb. | Vessels. | Commanders. | Destinations. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | Hotspur | Shaw | Dunkirk. |
| | Batavia | Brown | Akyab. |
| | Assam (s) | Starratt | Australia, &c. |
| | Pearl (s) | McGregor | Coast and Cutch. |
| | Matilda (s) | Henderson | Coast and Calcutta. |
| | George F Manson | Humphry | Dismond Island. |
| 3 | Canara (s) | Sanders | Calcutta. |

The ship Frank Pendleton, Nichol, to Calcutta, obtained her port clearance on Saturday last.

### CALCUTTA.

Jan. ARRIVALS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 30 Ethiopia (s) | Atkinson | Bombay, Jan. 7. |
| Sea Gull (s) | Dowdy | Madras, Ja. 6. |
| 31 Meinam (s) | Loquerre | Point de Galle, Jan. 24. |
| Mikado (s) | Barclay | London, Dec. 9. |
| Queen Alfe (s) | Reid | London. |
| Amazon (s) | Dickinson | Nagpat m, Jan. 26. |
| Japan (s) | Desmidt | Madras, Jan. 28. |

Jan. DEPARTURES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 30 Mahratta (s) | ..... | ..... |
| Atlanta (s) | ..... | ..... |
| Madura (s) | ..... | ..... |
| Cam on Harrison | ..... | ..... |
| 31 Osrgia (s) | ..... | ..... |
| Hochung (s) | ..... | ..... |

REMARK.

Galle 30th, 13-10.—Steamer Deccan from Aden arrivd. Bombay, 31st, 11-32.—H M.'s Troop-ship Crocodile arrived.

PASSENGERS.

Per Ethiopia.—Mr. Browne and 1 servant, Mr. Johnson, Mrs Woodroffe, 4 children and 2 ayahs, Mr. L. B. Wether and 1 servant, Mr. D. Rennie, and 11 prisons deck.

Per Queen Anne.—Mr. Oscar B. Strange and Mr. Alexander Nesbitt.

Per Almora.—Capt. R H. Howell.

Per Mikado—Capt. Guthrie and 6 Natives. Mr. Henry Smith and 26 prisons deck.

Per Meinam —Mrs Anderson, Mr. Anderson, Mr Watson, Mr. Gulliis Mr. Jenkinson, Mr. De Champeaux, Mr. Allee Deedes and 2 servants, Mr. Roux Mr. Vetromile Mr. King and servant, and 1 Native.

Per Japan—Mr. and Mrs. Mandy and Mrs, Bruce.

### MADRAS.

Jan. ARRIVALS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 30 Pharo ..... | ..... | Pondicherry. |
| 31 Latona ..... | ..... | Mauritius. |
| Asia (s)..... | ..... | Rangoon. |

Jan. DEPARTURES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 30 John Chapman(s)... | ..... | Nellore. |
| 31 Thos. Stephens ..... | ..... | Coast. |
| Latona ..... | ..... | Go aulpore. |
| Burma (s) ..... | ..... | Calcutta and N. Ports. |

PASSENGERS SAILED.

Per S. S. Burma—To Cocanada.—Mr. G F. and Mrs. Walch and three servants and forty deck passengers.

To Vizagapatam—Private Venkatasawmy of 34th Regiment, N. I, and 143 deck passengers.

### DAILY IMPORTS.—FEBRUARY 3.

FROM LIVERPOOL

India s—4 632 bars iron, Abdool Rehmon Sallay Mahamed.
Guy Mannerg s—2 crates earthenware, Nanjee Canjee; 200 bundles hoop iron, Tyebally Yoosfally; 85 packages stone, D to Shah.
Trentham Hall s—25 cases cast steel, Framjee Ardaseer Davur.

FROM LONDON.

Athol s—50 cases brandy, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Siam s—29 cases cognac and 12 cases port, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Tortor s—4 cases brandy, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Tamor s—11 cases sherry, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Xanthe s—3 cases brandy, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Guinevere s—3 cases brandy C Bounevialle and Co.
Ægean s—6 cases candles and 26 cases oilmanstore, Hajee Esmail Fazul.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Sumatra s—20 cases vermouth, C Bonnevialle and Co.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Batavia s—75 cases brandy, E R Mody.
Sumatra s—10 cases brandy, C Bonnevialle and Co.

### DAILY EXPORTS.—FEBRUARY 3.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Arago s—31 bales wool, Velubdass Vundravandass; 150 bales cotton, W Nicol and Co.
Guy Mannering s—11 cases indigo, Thackersy Khetsey; 240 cwts cotton, Mooljee Haridas; 2 bales wool, Tricamjee Ebjee; 45 bales wool, Dewjee Bhanjee and Co; 183 cwts coir yarn, Khetsee Dharumsee.

FOR LONDON.

Surat s—9 bales hides, Peerbhoy Damjee; 19 bales hides, Rahim, bhoy Russoolbhoy; 8 bales hides, Huzubally Allyruss; 4 bales hides, Vaseebhoy Valiee; 115 cases oilman, Allana Munjee; 14 bales hides, 6 bales skins, and 6 bales fishmaws, Dawoodbhoy Mahomed.

FOR HAVRE.

Countess of Rothes—75 bales cotton, Ritchie, Stewart and Co.
Cosmopolitan s—150 bales cotton, George Lockhart and Co; 80 cases peacock feathers, Tyebjee and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Ettore s—100 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co; 375 cwts coffee, E Spinner and Co.
Nizam s—100 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Nizam s—100 bales cotton. W and A Graham and Co.
Ettore s—50 packages gum M Mandolfor and Co; 100 bales cotton, Jules, Siegfried and Co.

FOR SUEZ.

Ettore s—50 bags dry ginger, Syed Mirza; 5 pots rosa oil, Mahamed Rahim Shirazee.

FOR CONSTANTINOPLE.

Ettore s—14 packages tea and 20 boxes cassia, Ezzack Salloon.

FOR HONGKONG.

Kashgar s—41 packages cloves, Volkart Brothers; 28½ cwts E teeth, Mohamedbhoy Rowjee; 5 cases kismiss, Jaithanund, Chelaram; 2 cases peacock feathers and 1 case sharpfines, Huzubally Allyruss; 25 cases sharkfins, Mootjeebhoy Gangjee; 62 cases sharkfins, Joomabhoy Lalljee; 17 cases sharkfins and 17 cases fishmaws, Goolamhoosy Johnmahamed; 6 cwts Cembay stone, Ebram Noordin & Co; 2 cwts Cambay stone, S N Tulatee; 17 cwts sandle wood, Muncherjee Manockjee & Co; 25 bales twist, The National S and W Co; 32 bales twist, Currimbhoy Ebram; 20 bales twist, A Habibbhoy; 50 bales twist and 52 chests opium, Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy; 45 chests opium, E J Abraham; 50½ chests opium, Tata & Co; 11 cases twists Khumsukum & Nursey; 150 packages red raisin Hajee Khafim into sey; 30 cases sharkfins and 40 bales twist Goolamhoosen John mahamed; 21 bales twist, Cursetjee Bomanjee & Co; 32 chests opium, N J Abraham; 40 chest opium, A Habibbhoy; 261 chests opium, Dadi nassen and Co; 91 chests opium, E D Sassoon; 52 chest opium, Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy; 63 chests opium, Nurses Keswjee and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Kashgar s—21 chests opium Roogunath Jugunath; 102 chests opium, E D Sassoon; 33 chests opium, David Sass on and Co; 75 chests opium, Nurses Keswjee and Co; 18 chests opium, Ramsaroop Hurkesson.

## MILITARY INTELLIGENCE

ARRIVALS.—FEBRUARY, 2ND.

Barthman, Major, Bengal 29 P Infantry, to rejoin from England.
Prendergast, Surg, Bombay A M D, on duty from England.
Boddam, Major, Beng l Staff Corps, on duty, from England.
McNeile, Capt. Benral Staff Corps, on leave from England.
Pemberton, Major, Bengal Engineers, on duty, from England.
Perkins Lt-Col, Bengal R E, from furlough, from England.
Perkins, Surg-Major, Bengal Ind Medl Dept, from furlough, from England.
Gordon, Capt, Bengal 49th Regt, to join, from England.

### BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Adjutant General's Office, Head Quarters,
Poona 3rd February 1877.

The undermentioned officer returned to duty by permission of the Secy of State for India, on the 31st Jan 1877:—
Lt Col James Gordon, S C. (Dent Mag. D. ons)
The following orders are confirmed:—
Sind District Order—dated 22rd Jan 1877, directing Capt A Hogg, 29th N I to act as Station Staff Officer at Kurrachee in addition to his other duties, during the absence of the Bgde Maj on duty.
7th Foot (2nd Battalion)—Regtl order, dated 24th Jan 1877, appointing Lt Anderson Asst Instructor of Musketry.

### BENGAL GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

*(Calcutta Gazette, January 31.)*

REVENUE AND GENARAL DEPARTMENTS.

Mr D Norton, Asst Mag and Colr, Midnapore, is appointed to the Charge of the Contai Division of that Dist.

Mr T E Cockead, Offg Political Agent, Hill Tipperah, is allowed leave for three months under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code.

Capt H Poolman is appointed to be Private Secy and Aide-de-Camp to the Offg Lt Govr of Bengal.

Mr R D Hime, Mag and Colr, Cuttack, is allowed leave for one year one month and twenty days, under Sec 12 of the Civil Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days, under Sec 24 of the Code, with effect from the 21st March next.

Mr H W Alexander, Opium Agent, Behar, is allowed furlough for one year, under Sec 19 of the Civil Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days under Sec 24 of the Code.

Mr A Ratray, Depy Mag and Depy Colr, in charge of the Sungoo Divn of the Chittagong Hill Tracts, is allowed leave for three months under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr T S Johnson, Depy Supt of Revenue Survey, is vested with the powers of a Depy Colr under Act V (B. C.) of 1875 in the Dist of Shahabad.

Mr H B Talbot, Asst Supt, Revenue Survey, is vested with the powers of a Depy Colr under Act V (B C) of 1875 in the districts of Gya, Patna, and Shahabad.

Mr H H Risley, C S, on special duty in the Bengal Secretariat, is posted to the 24 Pergunnahs as an Asst Mag and Colr.

Mr H L Oliphant, C S, Depy Commr, Lohardugga on leave, is appointed to act as Judicial Comr of Chota Nagpore during the absence, on leave, Lt-Col J S Davies, or until further orders.

Mr J C Gibbon, Dist Supt of Police, Burdwan, lately under suspension, is transferred to Dinajpur.

Mr M P Beamish, Asst Supt of Police, Burdwan, lately under suspension, is transferred to Backergunge and posted to Dushin Shahazpore sub division.

The furlough for one year from 10th July 1874, granted to Mr O S Stack, Dist Supt of Police, Moorshedabad, under Sec 7, Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code and extended for four months on medical certificate by the Rt Hon the Secy of State for India, is commuted to furlough under Sec 12 of the Code.

Col Adrian Hugh Patterson is appointed temporarily to act as Inspector-Genl of Police, Bengal, from the date on which he may relieve Mr Stuart Hogg.

Dr B Simpson, Civil Surgn, Patna, is allowed leave for one month and twelve days under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st proximo.

Mr G H Faulkner, Ex Engr, Cuttack Workshop, is appointed to be a Surveyor under Sec 2 of Act V (B C) of 1862 for the survey of the steam vessels which ply between Cuttack and False Point.

Mr H H Davis, Asst Conser of Forests, Chittagong Div, having returned to duty on the forenoon of the 5th Dec 1876, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 29th Aug 1876 is cancelled.

Mr John Cook, Locomotive Foreman of the East Indian Railway Company, is appointed to be a Comsr of the Municipality of Buxar.

Mr J Robinson, Dist Engr, is appointed to be a Comsr of the Municipality of Hooghly and Chinsurah.

Furlough for one year, under Sec 12, Chapter IV of the Civil Leave Code, with the usual subsidiary leave, is granted to Mr A Lattimer-Johnson, C S, Depy Comsr, Cachar, with effect from the 1st March next, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

Furlough for eighteen months under Sec 12, Chapter IV of the Civil Leave Code, with the usual subsidiary leave, is granted to Mr A L Clay C S, Depy Comsr, Sylhet, with effect from the 1st March next, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

Under the provisions of Section 2 of Act X of 1872 the Chief Comsr is pleased to invest Mr R B McCabe, C S, Asst Comsr, with the powers of a Mag of the third class.

Mr W B Savi, Asst Supt of Police, Sylhet, on return from the privilege leave for three months granted to him under orders dated 4th Sept last, resumed charge of his office on the forenoon of the 12th Jan 1877.

## HIGH COURT.—5TH FEBRUARY.

(Before the Honourable SIR CHARLES SARGENT.)

On Judge's Summons referred from Chambers.

284-74—Jefferson and Payne—S. C. Hill and another vs Waljee Lalljee and others—Chattoorbhooj Waljee and another—Claimants—Shapoorjee and Thacurdass and M. M. Munshi.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

388-75—P Kawasjee—Pestonjee Rustomjee vs Lalbhoy Vullubhoy and another—F and Smith and Macfarlane.—Part heard.

154-76—Prescot and Writer—Robert Joy vs Abdool Satar Haji Mosh med and others—Balkrishna and B. Pestonjee K. and Crawford and Bovey.

570 76—Mr Bicknell—Sajee Harjon Mahomed vs Usman Amodh Bukhsh—Mr Simpson.

573-76—Rimington, Hore and Langley—Velvahoo and another vs P Pestonjee Modjee and others—Shapoorjee and Thacurdass.

161-76—Jeffreson and Payne—Luxmidass Khimjee and another vs Nga dass Parmanundass and others—Tyabjee and Sayani.

188-76—Chalk—Meredith Jones vs Joseph C. Lawrence—Jaffer and Co—Crawford and Bovey.

229-72—Shapoorjee and Thacurdass—Dwarka'ass Lallobhoy and others vs Harribhoy Motiram—Tyabjee and Sayani.

241-73—Arbuthnot and Hormusjee—Merwanjee Dhunjeebhoy vs Hajee Camoo Yacoob and others—Lynch and Tobin.

(Before the Honourable MR. JUSTICE BAYLEY.)

LONG CAUSES.

625-76—M M Munshi—Bai Subabai widow vs Rustomjee Jamsetjee and another—Crawford and Bovey—Part heard.

318-76—Mr. Macfarlane—Bunday Alli Merally vs Khulukdina Khullanbhoy—Hearn and Cleveland.

527-76—Macfarlane—Peroo Mahomed vs Hubibbhoy Cassumbhoy and others—M H Khan.

(Before the Honourable MR. JUSTICE PINHEY.)

Suits for hearing and final Disposal.

SHORT CAUSES.

694-76—Lynch and Tobin—Mooljee Hun raj vs Hajee Adam Hajee Ismail—M H Khan.
For further direction on Commissioner's Report.

228-75—Jefferson and Payne—Sewbux Dhunsookdass vs Hanoomull Motichund—Craigie, Lynch and Owen—Part heard.

LONG CAUSES.

601-75—Mr Macfarlane—Dajiba Gopal vs Sha Sakalchund Nagurdass—Jefferson and Payne.

15-76—Jefferson and Payne—Sha Sakalchund Nagurdass vs Dajiba Gopall—Mr Macfarlane.

677-76—N Kothare—Lukmidass Puddumsey vs Sidram Appa Vulsed &c, and another—Khundcar M.

680-76—J C Cama—Byramjee Edoljee O vs Hasson Amrsjee and others—Crawford and Wrench.

699-76—Pressol and Wrench—The C D'Escompte DuParis vs Madowjee Mooljee—Rimington, Hore and Langley.

654-76—In person—Radhabai vs Radhabai and others—Janardhun and Ghanshbay.

450-76—J C Cama—Hormusjee Pestonjee M and another vs Dhunjee Mawjee—Jefferson and Payne.

## METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

BOMBAY, 2nd February 1877.

*Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m. 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah ..... | 29·870 |
| Temperature of the Air..... | 75·0 |
| Wet Bulb Thermometer..... | 65.0 |
| Dew Point ..... | 59·6 |
| Relative humidity of Air ..... | ·595 |
| Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky, clouded—8). | 0·0 |
| Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m)..... | 80·1 |
| Minimum do. do. (read at 9-30 a.m.)... | 67·3 |
| General Direction of wind.....N, NNE, NW, NNW, NE, NNE | |
| Movement of wind in 24 hours ..... | 31. |

## OVERLAND SUMMARY OF THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

*Compiled for despatch by to-day's Mail.*

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

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English Political and Social Letter.
English Commercial Letter.
Turkish Affairs.


MR. E. M. WALTON,
SURGEON DENTIST,
12 RAMPART ROW.


## DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGES.

D'SILVA—RIBEIRO—January 29th, at Belgaum, Mr. C. D'Silva, Medical Attendant H. H. the Nizam's Railway, to Miss Maria Anta Ribeiro.

WAKEFIELD—WADDINGTON.—January 31st, at Nagpore, by the Rev. G. T. Carruthers, M. A., Lt Colonel T. Wakefield, Madras Staff Corps, to Margaret Maria eldest daughter of Colonel H. F. Waddington, Bengal Staff Corps.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

ANTHONY—January 31st, at Allahabad, the wife of Mr, Isaac C. Anthony, of a son.

BLAKE—January 31st, at Allahabad, the wife of A. E. Blake, A S. E. of a daughter.

COX—January 28th, at Howrah, the wife of Nathaniel Cox, of a daughter.

EDWARDES—January 31st, at Shahjahanpur, the wife of J.T.C. Edwardes, Supervisor, P. W. D., of a son.

LANCE—January 20th, at Kohat, the wife of Major Frederick Lance, of a son.

SMYTH.—January 28rd, at 14, Tel Kul Ghat, Howrah, the wife of Charles Geesmyth, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

BUTLER—POLLNITZ—January 25th, at Christ Church, Mozufferpore, by the Rev J. Richardson, Arthur Butler, to Leopoldine Isabella, second daughter of Baron Pollnitz, of Munich, Bavaria.

DEATH.

MANN—January 31st, at Allahabad, Mr. F. W. Mann, aged 63 years, 3 months.


All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittance sent to this office, should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

# The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1877.


MANY of the sage comments we have lately read on the supposed utter and final defeat of Russian hopes and projects at Constantinople remind us of one of Prince Bismarck's sayings, that an uninitiated spectator, placed before the diplomatic chessboard, thinks the game is over with each new piece he sees moved. To imagine that Russia will abandon her long-cherished and well-defined national policy because she has found she cannot carry it into effect without a check, is to give Russian statesmen credit for no greater directness or tenacity of purpose in the direction of foreign affairs than belongs to Mr. Gladstone and other English politicians who are ready to throw national interests to the winds in the vain pursuit of the chimera of universal humanity and justice. The Russians know exactly what they want in the East of Europe. Their policy, whatever shape it may for the moment affect, is uniform in spirit, and it has one distinct aim—to secure the expuls

# LATEST INTELLIGENCE

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

## THE S.S. DUKE OF SUTHERLAND.

MADRAS, 4TH FEB.

The steamer Duke of Sutherland, which ran ashore here while entering the roadstead on 20th ultimo, has been successfully towed off, apparently without having sustained damage.

## PROGRESS OF THE PEACE NEGOCIATIONS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 3RD FEB.

The Ottoman Porte has agreed to open up peace negociations with Prince Nikita on the basis of the *status quo ante bellum* and a certain cession of territory.

An agreement between the Porte and Prince Milan is considered doubtful, owing to the demand of Turkey that her troops remain at Alexinatz as a guarantee.

## GENERAL IGNATIEFF.

General Ignatieff has arrived in Italy.

## GENERAL TCHERNAIEFF.

LONDON, 3RD FEBY.

General Tchernaieff, lately in command of the Servian forces, has arrived at Ventnor, in the Isle of Wight.

## THE HALL LINE.

LIVERPOOL, 3RD FEB.

The s.s. City of Baltimore, of the Hall Line of steamers, sailed for Bombay on Wednesday last.

## LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, 2ND FEB., NOON.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Total Week's Sales of Cotton .... | 46,000 | bales. |
| Amount forwarded ..... | 20,000 | do. |
| Do. Week's sales of Surats .... | 7,000 | do. |
| Do. do. Imports of Cotton.. | 115,000 | do. |
| Do. Stock of Cotton ..... | 781,000 | do. |
| Do. do. Surats ..... | 38,000 | do. |
| Do. Stock of Cotton in London.. | 35,000 | do. |

LONDON, 2ND FEB, AFT.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed flat. Surats flat.

The London Cotton Market has been quiet.

Fair Dholleras ..... 5¾d.

The Manchester Market has been flat.

7lbs. Shirtings..... 6s. 9d.

8¼lbs. do. ..... 8s. 3d.

40s. Mule Twist..... 1s.

3 per cent. Consols for account .... 95¼d.

5 per cent. French Rente 1872..... 106½ ex-divd.

Bar Silver..... 57½.

About £150,000 have been withdrawn from the Bank of England for France.

At the Bombay Club on Saturday evening Mr. John Roberts, the Champion billiard player, was beaten for the first and only time in Bombay by a gentleman to whom he had given 500 points in a game of 750. During the earlier part of the game the Champion played, as usual, very prettily, but to avoided the spot shot as much as he could, and twice, when he seemed on for a long run of his favourite shot, the ball stuck in the neck of the bottom pocket. His opponent played a remarkably steady game, never losing his nerve, and making almost every easy shot, though he evidently did not venture to try difficult shots which he would have played for readily enough against a less formidable foe. This kind of game told very well; and when the players adjourned for a few minutes' rest, the Champion had still 220 to score to make the game while the amateur was within 60 of the 750. On resuming play, Roberts ran up his score rapidly, making one break of 63, chiefly with spot shots—the largest of the evening—and the score stood at 743 all when the Champion missed a tolerably easy losing hazard into one of the centre pockets. His opponent, who had continued to play very steadily, was left with a cannon which he made, and he then added a seven shot which carried him out. The club billiard room was crowded with members and guests, who heartily applauded the victor. The games against well-known amateurs at the Framjee Cowasjee Institute on Thursday night and the Byculla Club on Friday night were won easily by the Champion, though at the Byculla Club he gave 600 out of 1,000 to the gentleman who has the reputation of being the best amateur billiard player in Bombay, Mr. Roberts has left Bombay for Allahabad and Calcutta, but will spend two or three days here again on his way home.

The anxiety which was felt regarding the safety of the crops all over the north and west of the Punjab by the non-arrival of the usual Christmas rains has, it is said, been allayed by the plentiful supply of rain during the past fortnight.

We are glad to learn that the Government of India has presented Mr. Griffiths, of the Bombay School of Art, with the sum of Rs. 1,500, in acknowledgment of his services in preparing a number of the Imperial banners for Proclamation Day.

Mr. H. P. LeMesurier, C.S.I., will, we hear, leave Bombay to take up his new appointment in Egypt by the mail of the 12th, or at latest the 26th inst. Mr. G. A. Barnett has been appointed to act as Agent of the G. I. P. Railway from the date of Mr. LeMesurier's departure.

We notice that the South Indian Railway Company have completed the line from Tanjore to Mayaveram, and the Consulting Engineer for Railways having inspected and reported upon it favourably, the Company have started running trains to and from those stations from this day. There is only a break from Cuddalore to Mayaveram, a distance of 30 miles to complete the Madura line, which is expected to be opened next month.

The change in the weather yesterday in Bombay was very remarkable. In the morning heavy clouds in the north-west appeared which rapidly spread and covered the whole heavens, and at 11 o'clock the rain fell in torrents for a short time, drenching the streets and remaining in some places in the shape of pools of water which made the streets almost impassable for the rest of the day. For three or four hours rain seemed to be falling in all directions at a distance; the sun was entirely obscured and the general appearance of the sky was like the beginning of the monsoon.

A batch of 50,000 Martini-Henry rifles, for the use of the Turkish army, have been safely landed in Constantinople. These arms were ordered at Birmingham nearly ten months ago, but when they were ready the would-be purchasers had not the money to pay for them. Hearing of this an English merchant, acting as agent for Russia, tried very hard to get hold of them. But the manufacturer would not part with the rifles until he got his money; neither would he sell them to the enemy of a Power that had often been an excellent customer. So the arms were kept, and have at last been paid for and duly delivered.

Dr. Beatty, the Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, has just finished his tour of inspection of Khandeish, Nassick and other places and will now return to Poona. Complaints were made not long ago of inefficient medical attention in some of the localities visited by the Inspector General, but nothing, it is said, has been done yet to remedy the defects. An important matter of this sort to mofussil residents cannot, however, escape the notice from the Inspector General which is deserved. We hear that small-pox is raging fearfully in the Nassick district, and in many parts, as already stated, very severe hailstorms have occurred.

Under the title of the *Portrait*, a new weekly shilling journal is about to appear, which, in the words of the prospectus, will "illustrate the time we live in by means of photographs and memoirs of those who adorn or disgrace it." Writers of "ability and of known modesty" will be invited to supply their own memoirs, "which will not be charged for as advertisements." Among the first portraits published will be those of the Earl of Beaconsfield, Mr. W. E. Forster, M.P., General Tchernaieff (with a memoir by Mr. Archibald Forbes), Mr. William Black (with a memoir by himself), Mr. Tourguenief (with a memoir by Mr. W. R. S. Ralston), Mr. Swinburne, and Mr. Woolner, R. A. The publishers are Messrs. [illegible] & Co.

It is said that the *Statistical Reporter*, published monthly by the Bengal Government, is to be discontinued; and we cannot truthfully say, adds the *Statesman*, that we think it is worth maintaining in its present shape. The cost and labour of its preparation must be out of all proportion to its real worth, and it is to fritter away the powers of a man like Mr. Cotton, to spend them upon the editorship of the masses of raw figures of which the publication consists. For true statistical work begins, where these figures stop. The very notion of bringing out a great *Statistical* volume once a month, is truly Indian in its conception.

The coming season in London promises to make amends for many of the shortcomings of the last five or six years, so far as the interests of West end tradesmen are concerned. Her Majesty is expected to come from Windsor to Buckingham Palace every Tuesday, and to remain in London until the following Friday. As Easter falls early this year (Easter Day being on the 1st of April), the gayest portion of the season, from Easter to Goodwood, will be longer than usual. And lastly, it is reported that, should there be no war, more than one crowned head and a number of minor luminaries are likely to visit London during the early part of the summer.

In their report for the half year ended 31st December 1876, the Directors of the Bank of Bengal, say:—"At the commencement of the half-year the Bank's minimum rate of interest was 7 per cent., which on 20th July was reduced to 6 per cent. and on 3rd August to 5 per cent. No further change occurred till 21st September when the rate was increased to 6 per cent., on 16th November to 7 per cent., and on the 28th December to 8 per cent. The half-year closed with a tightening money market owing chiefly to a large trade in grain in connection with the reported scarcity of food in the Bombay and Madras Presidencies. The net profits for the 6 months at head office and branches amount to Rs. 8 24,970-14-6, which with Rs. 32,685-8-4 brought forward from last half year, make a total of Rs. 8,57,656-6-8."

The *Moniteur Officiel* of Pondicherry publishes an elaborate statement of the revenue and expenditure of French India for 1877. The income is set down at 1,694,376 francs. To this sum Pondicherry is expected to contribute 1,105,204 francs; Chandarnagar, 196,052 francs; Karikal, 404,582 francs; Mahe, 23,473 francs; Yanaon, 35,061 francs. The expenditure is estimated to be 1,445,911 francs. The administration of Pondicherry costs 1,010,766 francs; Chandarnagar, 102,551 francs; Karikal, 261,950 francs; Mahe, 38,102 francs; Yanaon, 32,540 francs. The three chief sources of income are the land tax, which yields upwards of 483,000 francs; the income from the import and manufacture of spirituous liquors is 429,760 francs; and the grant of the Government of India to the French Government for salt is 420,536 francs. The administration of French India costs the Government about 650,000 francs, and public works, &c., 800,543 francs.

*Indian Public Opinion* gives the following account of the accident to the Lieutenant-Governor of the N. W. Provinces:—"We regret to announce that Sir George Couper, Lieutenant Governor N. W. Provinces, met with a serious accident on his march to Hurdwar on the 26th instant. On turning off from the Canal bank, to the cutcha road, a little below Kunkul, his horse tripped in some bad ground, and Sir George was thrown forward, and one of his feet hanging in the stirrup the splint bone of the leg was snapped. Fortunately the horse was a quiet one, and stood still, until some of the party sprang forward, and disengaged Sir George from his perilous position. Surgical attendance was at hand, and the extent of the injury having been determined, Sir George was placed in a dooly and conveyed to the camp at Hurdwar, where he is now doing well. The accident will extend his stay at Hurdwar by a week, after which, it is understood, Sir George will return to Allahabad direct."

Some weeks since (the *Army and Navy Gazette* says) we stated that it was proposed to obtain an Order in Council under which the Admiralty would have power to grant compassionate allowances to the families of officers who were dismissed the service, or resigned their commissions to avoid court-martial. Of course it was only intended to seek this power as a means of lending a helping hand to those cases in which actual destitution was staring the ex-officer and his family in the face, and the amounts to be granted were framed on a most economical basis. Her Majesty has been most graciously pleased to approve of the suggestion as placed before her by the Admiralty, and already one unfortunate officer who had brought himself and those belonging to him to the brink of ruin through an act of intemperance, has been allowed to draw £10 a quarter. The order provides that the allowance is in no instance to exceed one-third of the amount of half-pay to which the officer was entitled at the time of his removal and is not in any case to exceed £100 a year.

The *Englishman* publishes the following special telegram from Madras:—

The Madras Government called the attention of the Government of India to unfavourable prospects in the famine districts so long ago as January 1876. In July detailed reports from Cuddapah, North and South Arcot, showing a threatening condition of affairs accompanied by list of proposed relief works, were sent to Calcutta, and to India Office in October. The Secretary of State replied saying that the Government of Madras appear to be regarding the condition of the districts with vigilant attention, and prepared to establish the relief works, should necessity arise. In the same month Madras asked sanction to spend 40,000 rupees, and later to commence the earthworks of the Bellary and Gadak Railway, both were refused. Only on the 15th December the Government of India began to appreciate the gravity of the calamity and call for information. Madras replied referring to previous correspondence and remarking that the Government was fully alive to their own responsibilities and those of the Government of India, that the exceptional character of the emergency, the rapidity of the development of the famine and its prevalence over a vast area had necessitated the immediate expenditure of large sums without the usual official restrictions. After the Sir Richard Temple was appointed as Dictator. It is estimated here that 500,000 tons of rice will be wanted to meet the famine during the next six months

*Indian Public Opinion* publishes the following items of news from its correspondent at Peshawar:—

It is said that the mission of the Prime Minister is to demand from the British Government the sum of Rs. 110,000,000, in order to enable him to carry on war against the Russians; but it is said at the same time, which appears to be rather contradictory, that the Russians themselves have made him overtures of aggrandisement of territory, should they take his (the Amir's) part. It is currently reported that in the event of the British Government declining to subsidize, the Amir will fraternise with the Russians. Another rumour is that Mohamed Shah is that he intends to represent to the British Government the illegality of attempting any operations against Khelat, without the Amir's approval, Khelat being considered as part of the Afghanistan territory.

His Honour the Lieutenant Governor visited Peshawar lately, but left rather abruptly. He is expected back shortly, to meet Nur Mahomed Shah, on a personal or private interview.

His Excellency, the Commander-in-Chief, has returned to Peshawar from Kohat, and is residing in the very bungalow reserved for His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, whose arrival he is anxiously awaiting.

A letter addressed by Qasi Abdul Kadir, from Cabul, to his brother at Peshawar, and witnessed by your correspondent, stated in most definite terms that in case of a non-compliance of the Amir's request for money, or in case of England meditating an invasion of Cabul, His Highness is quite prepared to prosecute and wage war, and that in addition to his own regular troops he has 300,000 volunteers prepared to sacrifice their lives for the defence of their religion, and only wait for orders from the Amir.

The Peshawur correspondent of the *Pioneer* writing on the 27th January, says:—"The Cabul Vakeel and our own Vakeel, Atta Mahomed, came in this morning. An escort of a native officer and 20 rank and file of the 17th Bengal Cavalry was sent to meet him as far as "Hurri Singh ka Boorj" where he was encamped, some six miles from the station. An Assistant Commissioner also went. Sir Lewis Pelly, the Pleniputentiary, called on him this evening. It is reported that from 1,000 to 1,200 Zuka Kheyls passed near Bara last night, with standards to join the Kohat people. The Afreedees are, without doubt, in a funk. They have drained their tanks, and have cows ready to be killed and thrown into their wells to stop the Hindus from drinking, and the most disgusting oil procurable ready to throw down the same to hinder the Mahomedans and others. The Russians have, I am told, got 30,000 men to a place within 60 miles of Merv. Of course, you will accept all intelligence of this sort coming necessarily through native channels with the strictest reservations. The Ameer is reinforcing his army at Kandahar. The news I gave you about the khiluts to the Waziris, &c., are true. He is not yet reconciled to Nowroz Khan, nor is Yacoob Khan free. The Ameer says that as soon as Yacoob Khan will go and make his salaam to Abdoola Jan, he will release him. The fort of Mackeson has again been re-inforced, and report goes that the 17th Bengal Cavalry are kept saddled night and day."

The ladies who have charge of the nursing department of the Madras Hospital have frightened away the doctors. The *Madras Mail* says:—"Things have arrived at a pretty pass at the General Hospital. Dr. Dickenson, the Physician of the Institution, has resigned his post in disgust, and two other leading Madras surgeons have refused to accept Dr. Dickinson's appointment. 'What is her name,' the worldly-wise will ask who believe in the theory that a female must be at the bottom of all mischief? Well, the fact is there is a hopeless state of misunderstanding between the doctors and the ladies who have charge of the nursing department. The doctors insist that the ladies are bound to obey their instructions; the ladies on the other hand insist that they are independent of the doctors, and are responsible only to Government. The ladies so far have had the best of the battle, and Dr. Dickenson is the second physician who has had to retire discomfited from the field. We shall not now enter into any particulars of this pretty little quarrel, and gallantry alone prevent us from saying that the ladies are in the wrong. We do say, however, that there must be something very wrong indeed in the rules for the government of the Hospital when such a condition of things as we have indicated is possible. Would it not be desirable that the Government should cause such a revision of the rules of the Institution as will place beyond all doubt who is to give and who to receive instructions? Anarchy at the present time, when the Hospital is crowded with patients and has to turn suffering humanity from its doors, cannot be tolerated."

## THE BENCH AND THE BAR.

In the High Court, on Saturday, where the Chief Justice, Sir Michael Westropp, and the Honourable Sir Chas. Sargent were sitting in appeal, and where several members of the Bar (including the Hon. Advocate General [Mr. Marriott], Mr. Farran, Mr. Gill, Mr. Macpherson, Mr. Kirkpatrick, Mr. Jackson, Mr. Fox, Mr. C. Tyabjee, and Mr. Telang,) were present, the Chief Justice, addressing the Advocate General, said:—

Mr. Advocate-General—I have to thank you, as the representative of the Bar, and Mr. Inverarity, who, with you, formed a deputation to inquire whether it would be agreeable to me to receive a copy of a report which a committee of the Bar had made, and which the Bar had unanimously adopted in regard to the matter on which I spoke yesterday fortnight. I feel very much indebted to the Bar for the courtesy which dictated the sending that deputation to me. I also recognise the exigency cast upon the Bar of taking into their consideration the matter in question, relating, as it did, to a member of their body. I understood from the deputation that it was as a matter of courtesy that the report was so presented to me, in order that it should not become public before it was communicated to me, and not with a view to elicit any expression of opinion on my part with regard to that report. There is, however, a circumstance mentioned in it, which I have felt bound to consider, as it had not been brought to my notice previously. I have weighed that circumstance, and shall state presently the conclusion to which I have come with regard to it; that report having been made and adopted by the Bar with a view to determine the line of conduct which it will in future pursue with reference to one of its members, I have not any intention of criticising it, but this remark is not to be understood as implying that the report is not open to criticism. There are, however, one or two points which it will be necessary for me to mention, which are also noticed in the report. The report is, as I understand, to a certain extent founded upon a shorthand-writer's notes of my observations made on the 19th January; that is my belief as to the proceedings which the Bar have been so kind as to furnish me with. The shorthand writer's notes are, I believe, those of the Reporter of the *Bombay Gazette* and constitute the only report which I have seen of my remarks that at all approaches accuracy. In the main, it is a fair report. There are, however, a few mistakes in it, to which I called the Prothonotary's attention on the day on which it appeared, and requested him to ask the Reporter to have them corrected. The Prothonotary was not upon that day so fortunate as to find the Reporter, and consequently, I believe, no correction of these errors has appeared in the *Bombay Gazette*. It is right that I should mention them, as some were in matters of importance. One related to the indorsements upon Mr Mayhew's briefs. I am represented as saying that those briefs were merely instructions to move for an order *nisi*. What I said was that the brief to move on the 29th December (Friday) before myself was a brief to move for an order *nisi* in all particulars, and was so indorsed. The brief to move before Mr. Justice Pinbey on the 30th December was also indorsed as a brief to move for an order *nisi*; and I consider that to be a very important circumstance in the case when taken together with the others. No doubt there was an amended plaint and further affidavits, upon which the motion was taken before Mr. Justice Pinbey, but neither before him nor before me would it have been proper to ask for an order absolute. I deem it a very unfavourable circumstance in the case that the instructions to move before Mr. Justice Pinbey were not, as the instructions were to move before myself, for an order *nisi*. An order absolute, under such circumstances as before me were admitted to exist in the case, would, without first giving to the girl and her friends an opportunity of being heard on her behalf, have been most oppressive and unjust, and it must have been well known to the learned counsel and the Parsee clerk who instructed him, that no such order could have been obtained from me even on the very best *primâ facie* case which the plaintiff could make. Those latter instructions show a predetermination not to bring the case again before me, whether or not I was in Bombay. Another slip in the *Gazette* report—not however of much importance—is that the phrase "elements of honour" has been substituted for "evidence of his senses." I said that if I had a doubt, or even a shadow of a doubt, as to whether the learned counsel properly understood what had been said to him by myself, I should act on the rule that counsel's statement as to his impressions of a conversation ought to be accepted as those really but erroneously entertained by him. I added, however, that there is to that rule the limit that a Judge is not wholly to abandon his own memory or the evidence of his senses, or to accept a statement which he knew to be incredible. Another point left in uncertainty in the *Gazette* report was my observation as to the presence of Sir Charles Sargent in Bombay, which has been made the foundation of a remark, not in the Bar report but elsewhere, it being stated that I appeared to be uncertain whether he was in Bombay on the day when the motion was made before me, or not. There was no such uncertainty, either in my mind or in my speech, on the subject. What I said was that Mr Justice Pinbey and I were the only Judges in Bombay on the day on which the motion was made before me, but that Sir Charles Sargent also was in Bombay on the Saturday when the motion was made before Mr. Justice Pinbey; and my reason for mentioning that circumstance was that if I had transferred from myself to another Judge the hearing of the new motion I should have delegated it to my brother Sargent. Another point that has not been made very clear in the report was with regard to the statement that was made orally to me in reply to a question of mine as to when the marriage was likely to take place. I speak now as to what took place at the time when Mr. Mayhew was moving before me for an order *nisi*. I asked,—in the absence of information available from the plaint and affidavit on the subject—when the marriage was likely to take place. Mr. Mayhew asked the clerk, and the clerk stated—and Mr. Mayhew repeated the statement—that it was believed it would take place on the following day, Saturday; but they did not speak with certainty as to that, and left me under the impression that it was very far from certain that it would take place on the Saturday, or that they had any accurate information on the subject as to when it would take place. The circumstance which the Bar have mentioned and which was not brought to my notice previously, is thus referred to in the Bar report:—"We have therefore taken upon ourselves to procure from Mr. Mirza Hussain the original suggestions written down by Mr. Mayhew, as to the amendment of the plaint, immediately after leaving the Chief Justice's bungalow on the 29th of December, of the existence of which, though not of the contents thereof, one of the Committee happened to become aware before the 19th inst. (January). We find that these suggestions, written by Mr. Mayhew for the guidance of the attorney's clerk in amending the plaint and affidavit, at a time when he could not have known whether he would have to repeat his application before the Chief Justice or another Judge, contain no reference to the explanation of the matter of the abandonment of the child by the mother and father, and we think it impossible that there should have been such a total omission of all reference to this matter if Mr Mayhew had understood the Chief Justice to have required a distinct explanation in regard thereof." Now, those suggestions, which, it is stated, were written by Mr. Mayhew after leaving my bungalow on the 29th December, were not brought to my notice previously, and I have felt bound, in justice to Mr. Mayhew, to consider whether those suggestions could in any way alter my opinion. I have given to that point the fullest consideration, and I am bound to say that, so far from altering, those suggestions confirm my opinion that the course which at a very early stage determined that the application for an order should not be renewed before me, and that the circumstances in the case, upon which I most particularly dwelt as unfavourable to the plaintiff's application, should be withheld from such other Judge as might be resorted to. Upon last Friday fortnight I mentioned, and I repeat now, that the bulk of my observations addressed to Mr. Mayhew when he moved before me for an order *nisi* were based upon the circumstances that the mother of the child was by him stated to me to be a prostitute, and that the child was admitted to have resided all her lifetime in a brothel. I expatiated at great length upon this; for upon this fact my decision mainly turned. I spoke for many minutes, and in emphatic terms, to Mr. Mayhew on the subject, and to suppose that Mr. Mayhew could have forgotten that, or could not have understood it, would be to attribute to him a degree of dullness and of obtuseness, which I could not possibly conceive to belong to him. In my mind, it passes the bounds of credibility that he could have forgotten it, for it constituted the main current of my remarks, which were made in the most distinct and emphatic terms and at considerable length. The Deputy Registrar, Mr. Adams, as my clerk, was present throughout the whole of my interview with Mr. Mayhew on Friday, the 29 h of December, and his recollection completely accords with mine as to what was said upon that occasion. And, with regard to him, I am bound to mention that upon the morning of Monday, the 1st of January, Mr. Adams came up to my house and reported that the motion had been made on the previous Saturday evening before Mr. Justice Pinbey, and the order absolute had been granted; and that the plaintiff's attorney's clerk, a Parsee, had been previously with him on the Saturday and had asked him to accompany him and Mr. Mayhew to Mr. Justice Pinbey's bungalow, but that Mr. Adams had refused to do so on the ground of the impropriety of such a course, while I was in Bombay. Mr. Adams is not only my clerk, but he is the clerk of Mr. Justice Pinbey, and it was his duty to be present if the motion had been properly carried before Mr. Justice Pinbey. I don't say or suggest that the Parsee clerk informed Mr. Mayhew of the conversation which took place between him and Mr. Adams. To make such a suggestion would be going farther than I should be warranted in doing, not knowing what took place between them; but Mr. Mayhew had this fact before him, that a new plaint and a new affidavit were being presented to Mr. Justice Pinbey, both of which contained patent on their face the fact that they had been verified in the presence of Mr. Adams on that day, and Mr. Mayhew had also before him the fact that Mr. Adams did not—as would have been his duty, and as he (Mr. Mayhew) must have known to be Mr. Adams' duty—if the motion were legitimately made before Mr. Justice Pinbey—attend before that learned Judge to take a note of the order made and to convey the amended plaint to the Court House. Mr. Mayhew does not assert that he made, of the Parsee clerk, any inquiry as to the cause of Mr. Adams' absence, or whether the Parsee clerk had ascertained whether I was in Bombay. Nor does Mr. Mayhew pretend that he took any step whatever to satisfy himself on that point, as any counsel, who was scrupulous in his practice, would and ought to have done. The reason for this abstinence from inquiry on the part of Mr. Mayhew is, to myself, sufficiently and painfully apparent—viz., that I had, on the previous day, in reply to his own question, told him, in as plain terms as man could speak, that it was extremely improbable that I should leave Bombay, but that, if I did so, it would not be until the end of the vacation when I might go for a day or two to Matheran. In saying that it would not have taken three minutes more, if so much, for Mr. Mayhew to come to my house then to that of Mr. Justice Pinbey, I had in my mind the relative distances of Mr. Mayhew's office in the Fort from those houses, and not, as the Bar report assumes, of Mr. Mayhew's house on Malabar Hill. I did not, in fact, know that he is now a resident on that hill. I have read the report of the Bar with the close and respectful attention to which such a paper, proceeding from a body for whose learning, ability and honour I have the highest esteem—a body of whom nine-tenths at least have been, and I venture to think are still, my warm personal friends is entitled. It would have been a source of great pleasure to me were I able to say that their report had in any respect modified my views as to the conduct of the learned counsel, the subject of it. I deeply regret to say that I find myself compelled to adhere firmly to the opinion which I expressed on the 19th of January. The Bar will pardon me for saying that, present as I was at the motion of the 29th December and also subsequently when Mr. Mayhew called upon me with reference to my remark on the petition presented to me on behalf of the plaintiff praying that the directions given both by Mr. Justice Pinbey and myself to stop the execution of his order of the 30th December should be withdrawn, I had superior opportunities to those enjoyed by the Bar of knowing what passed on the 29th December and of observing Mr. Mayhew's manner when he subsequently called upon me. The order in which the conversation took place on the 29th December is especially important, and of that the Bar do not seem to be aware. My remark that Mr. Justice Pinbey and I were upon that day the only Judges in Bombay was made immediately after Mr. Mayhew's arrival and before he entered upon his case. It was after I heard his application and had refused it, and told him that if he wished to renew it, his client must file an amended plaint and a much more full and satisfactory affidavit if the facts admitted of such a course, that Mr. Mayhew put to me the question whether I was likely to leave Bombay, and that I replied in the manner already stated.

Believing, Mr. Advocate General, as I do, that the conduct of Mr. Mayhew involved, on his part, both a *suggestio falsi* and a *suppressio veri*, I should have fallen short of my duty if I had not, after I had come to that conclusion, conduct the subject of grave censure. I should neither deserve nor possess the respect of the Bar, if, under such convictions, I omitted to pass that censure. I limited myself to censure for reasons of mercy, and not for any other reasons whatsoever,—not from any doubt as to the real verity of the case. The reasons for thus limiting my action in this matter are not unknown to you, Mr. Advocate General. There is one other circumstance, and I think only one, which I wish to notice. It has been suggested—not by the Bar, and I am quite sure the Bar do not concur in the suggestion—that some of my observations were made with a view to disparage the Judges of Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service. Nothing can be more unfounded than such a supposition. Every day of my now long acquaintance with those Judges impresses upon me more distinctly the admirable manner in which they perform the arduous duties entrusted to them throughout this Presidency, and I should be singularly forgetful of the position in which I find myself placed daily, viz:—in the presence of gentlemen of the Civil Service in this Court, who are amongst the strongest pillars of this Court, and would be ornaments to any institution to which they might belong, if I undervalued or understated the merits of the judicial branch of the Civil Service as a body. Mr. Advocate General, you and your brethren of the Bar, will, I am well assured, feel that the reprimand of Mr. Mayhew was as painful to me to utter as it was to you to hear; but I should not, as I have already said, deserve to hold my present office if I allowed what I believe to have been his conduct to pass unnoticed and unrebuked. I again thank you, Mr. Advocate General, for the courtesy of the Bar in presenting me with the report, and, moreover, for the respectful tone of that report. I am extremely sorry that I cannot concur with the Bar. But that circumstances will not make any difference in the friendly relations which have always subsisted between us.

The Advocate-General—On behalf of the Bar I beg to thank your Lordship for the kind expressions that have fallen from you with respect to them.

## OFFICIAL NEWS REPORT FROM ADEN.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING THE 25TH JANUARY 1877.

The Mauritius French mail steamer Dupleix was discovered to be on fire on the afternoon of the 20th January. Her Majesty's ship Vestal and the Indian Government steam vessel Kwangtung, the Harbour Department, and the Peninsular and Oriental Company rendered prompt assistance, and the fire was extinguished. Upwards of 800 tons of water were pumped into the Dupleix. Beyond the scorching of the lower deck, no great damage has occurred, and the vessel will carry the mails as usual to the Mauritius. The necessary repairs can be effected there and at Aden. The origin of the fire remains unknown.

Colonel Sellon, R. E., died at sea in the Rubattino steamer Assyria on the 23rd January, and was buried at Aden on the following day, with military honours. The Royal Artillery furnished a large funeral party.

J. W. Schneider,
Brigadier General and Politica Resident.

## A REPLY TO DISAPPOINTED HOPES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—In reply to the letter in your issue of this day signed "Down South," I beg to state that when the writer called upon me with reference to the non-delivery of his message, I produced the *original telegram as delivered at the London office of this Company, by the Telegram Company*, and showed him that his message had been delivered correctly rendered into code, which he said "Yes, it is all in apple pie order on this side, I see"—I am, &c.,

THE AGENT,
Oriental & American Telegram Company, Limited.
Bombay, 3rd Feb.

* After all this could have been little comfort to "Down South" if, as a matter of fact, after paying his money in Bombay, his message never reached its destination.—Ed. *B. G.*

## THE LATE STORM IN THE BROACH DISTRICTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—In your paper of January 30th, you publish a letter from the Collector of Broach to the Revenue Commissioner, relative to the late disastrous storm in the Broach districts. I was encamped within 50 yards of Mr. White, and I write now to show how the manufacture of tents at Jubbulpore has deteriorated of late years. The Collector of Broach had four new tents of Jubbulpore make; the hailstones made such havoc on the tops of these that they all need re-covering. I had a very old Jubbulpore Swiss cottage and a new Futtegbur hill tent; neither of these are at all the worse for the storm, though it is only fair to state that the hill tent was protected by the Swiss cottage. When I state that the hailstone I send to us was the size of a cricket ball, then you can imagine the severity of the test to which the strength of the tents was subjected.

—Yours, &c.

F. G.

## THE LATE EXPLOSION AT AHMEDABAD.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, 3RD FEB.

Nothing further has been elicited as to the origin of the fire which led to the dreadful explosion on Saturday, though, as is always said in similar cases, "the authorities are making searching enquiries." It is to be hoped that the said "searching enquiries" will not, as they generally do, lead to nothing, but that their result will be the detection and punishment of whoever is responsible for the terrible loss of life which occurred. There can be no doubt that there has been, to use the mildest expression, *culpable carelessness* somewhere, and I think an explanation should be required as to the pretext on which a license to keep gunpowder, kerosine oil, and other combustibles in the centre of a crowded city was granted, particularly when the natives are known to be so thoroughly reckless as regards fire. There can be no doubt, judging from the nature of the burns, that kerosine oil as well as gunpowder must have exploded. When once the clothing had caught fire it was impossible to extinguish it. It burned away as long as there was a shred left, and it was remarked by Europeans, who assisted at the removal of the dead and dying, that it was almost impossible to raise them, as wherever they were touched the skin peeled off like a glove. Wounds of that kind are not the result of a burn from gunpowder alone. Two or three days after the accident a man showed his hands completely blackened from the mixture of gunpowder and oil with which they had got stained in his efforts to assist the sufferers. As far as I can ascertain, though it is impossible to get the exact number, about 150 persons were injured, and over 50 deaths have occurred. Of the 53 taken to hospital only 6 are still alive, and those are dying by inches. As soon as it was known that recovery was impossible, many were removed from hospital by their friends, some of the poor creatures dying on the way to their homes. I see by the telegrams which have appeared in your contemporary, the *Times of India*, that its correspondents still maintain a character for exaggeration. In your first short telegram there were no less than three mistakes. There were not *five* houses blown up, neither were there *thirty* persons killed on the spot, and the accident did not occur at midnight. In the second telegram it is incorrect to say that the four policemen fearlessly rendered assistance, for which he said "one man who dies at his post. But at the same time they had no more idea of death than had the crowd collected round them. The editor of the *Hitichi*, in the paper which appeared on Thursday, asserts that about six months ago, the police inspector wrote officially to the Collector requesting that the licence granted to the Borah might be withdrawn, as it was dangerous to have gunpowder kept in such a crowded locality. But that up to the date of the explosion no notice had been taken of his communication.

## BOMBAY.

The Deccan Famine Relief Fund.—Nawab Abdool Gunny Meah, C. S. I., and his son Nawab Khaja Hussonalla Saheb Bahadoor, of Dacca, have paid Rs. 1,000 to the Deccan Famine Relief Fund.

Obtaining Money by False Pretences.—A goldsmith, named Juggonath Motiram, was on Saturday last, at the Fort Police Court, sentenced to six months' hard labour in the Common Jail by Mr. C. P. Cooper, for obtaining Rs. 50 by false pretences from a Marwarree named Proga Kana.

Cheating.—On Saturday, at the Fort Police Court a Hindoo merchant, named Manjee Nursey, appeared before Mr. C. P. Cooper, the Senior Magistrate, and obtained a warrant for the arrest of Juggonath Hemputtee, charging him with cheating and criminal breach of trust in respect of five bags of cummin seed, of the collective value of Rs. 71, alleged to have been obtained from complainant on the pretence of having the bags of seed approved of by his friends, whereas the accused effected its sale to a third party and absconded from Bombay.

A New Church Organ.—The *Bombay Church Chronicle*, a new monthly publication, made its first appearance on the 31st of January. This periodical is so very cheap that every Churchman in Bombay must purchase a copy, for 2 annas a month can offer no obstacle financially, and all who take any interest in religious matters might "take in" the new journal. The *Chronicle* is apparently raised on the remains of the *St John's Magazine* which flourished at Colaba for a short time. The *Chronicle* contains reports of meetings, clerical associations, the travels of the Bishop, and such like. There is a sermon of the late Bishop Douglas, half of which is given, and is "*to be continued*" in the next publication. A month is a long time to wait for the remainder of a sermon and most probably the majority of readers will have by that time forgotten the text. We may, however, hope that the new Church organ will play for some time to come.

The Alleged Murder of a Daughter at Her Father at Byculla.—The adjourned inquiry was held on Saturday at the Coroner's bungalow, Byculla, into the circumstances connected with the death of Parbuttee girl, alleged to have been murdered by her own father while he was in a state of intoxication. The evidence of the Coroner's surgeon and the verdict of the jury has cleared up the doubt that was entertained by several from the exaggerated rumour that was afloat on the day of the occurrence that the girl was most cruelly murdered by her father. The Coroner took the evidence of the grandmother of the deceased. Her evidence corroborated that, of Ruckmee, woman, taken on the last occasion. The evidence of a Purdasee milk-seller, who witnessed the man Soobana throwing the deceased on the ground, was also taken, who said that the deceased was not thrown on the ground with any violence. The evidence of Dr. Sidney Smith, the Coroner's Surgeon, was then taken. He had made a *post mortem* examination of the body of the girl. He found there was no fracture of the skull. On opening the spine there was no fracture of the vertebræ nor any effusion of blood or congestion of the cord, neither any internal marks of violence. There was no *post mortem* appearance whatever to show that the death of the deceased was caused by violence. He found sufficient cause of death in the lung and heart. He said the immediate cause of death was dropsy of the heart, and that such dropsy is sometimes accompanied with pneumonia. Ultimately, he was of opinion that death was due to natural causes. The jury thereupon returned the following verdict:—"That the death of the deceased was caused by pneumonia and dropsy of the heart."

What is the Size of an Orange.—Mention was made in our last issue of hailstones as large as oranges having fallen near Aurungabad. This has been corroborated by reports from other localities to which the hailstorm extended. Mr. Charles, Assistant Collector Munmar, measured some of the stones that fell near his tent, and found them 2 inches long by 1 inch broad.—*Bombay Guardian.*

The Weather at Kurrachee.—A strong south-westerly breeze has been blowing for the last three days something unusual in Kurrachee at this time of the year, when we should have the north-east wind in all its fury. There has been a remarkable change in the temperature since Thursday; from the piercing cold we experienced we are now enjoying the genial warmth of a summer day. This has been a strange season altogether, and meteorologists may as well set their wits to work to discover the reason why.—*Sindian.*

Attempt to Poison at Kurrachee.—The poisoning affair in the Kurrachee Jail is still under investigation; on this occasion the several witnesses are being examined in the office of Mr. Hassein Ally, the pleader for the prosecution, in the presence of Mr. Henderson, the Assistant District Superintendent of Police. Some of the witnesses, who are all prisoners, have made statements criminating the late Deputy Jailor. There is every probability of the case being committed before long to the Court of the City Magistrate.—*Id*

## PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Nizam, Captain A. E. Barlow, will sail to-day for Aden and Suez, with the English mails and the following passengers:—

For Southampton.

Mr O Ogilvie
Capt and Mrs Baker
Mr W W Anderson
Mr J H W Sheckle
Mr S B Daniell
Rev Mr Shepherd and child
Mr William Elder
Mr and Mrs R F Graham and

## NOTICES.

### COPPER-PLATE PRINTING.
ENGRAVING, &c.

VISITING CARDS, Invitation Cards, Wedding Cards and Envelopes, Cheques, Bills of Lading, Office and Bank Seal, Seals for Stamping Envelopes, &c., engraved to order at moderate prices.

Specimens may be seen at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN

### EXTRACT FROM A LETTER,

dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts:—

"I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep, and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 8 years old.

"Remaining, Gentlemen, yours very respectfully,
"L. S."

The Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London.

### PATENT WROUGHT NAILS.

J. J. CORDES & Co.,
The Patentees and Sole Manufacturers of the well-known Patent Wrought Nails, commonly known as
"EWBANK'S NAILS,"

desire to make it known that they have adopted a "Star" or "Cross" as their Trade Mark, and that all Nails now made and sent out by them, except clasp, bear this mark upon their heads, and that within every Package sent from their Works is also placed a card bearing their name and address.

Any Nails, therefore, which are not distinguished as above must not be confounded with
"EWBANK'S NAILS,"

the quality of which is so well appreciated as being far superior to that of any other make.

DOR WORKS:—NEWPORT, MONMOUTHSHIRE, E GLAND.

### CROSSE AND BLACKWELL'S
CELEBRATED OILMEN'S STORES,
*Five Prize Medals, Paris and Vienna.*

PICKLES AND SAUCES,
JAMS AND JELLIES,
ORANGE MARMALADE,
TART FRUITS, DESSERT FRUITS,
MUSTARD, VINEGAR,
FRUITS IN BRANDY AND NOYEAU,
POTTED MEATS AND FISH,
FRESH SALMON AND HERRINGS,
HERRINGS A LA SARDINE,
PICKLED SALMON,
YARMOUTH BLOATERS,
BLACKWALL WHITEBAIT,
FRESH AND FINDON HADDOCKS,
PURE SALAD OIL,
SOUPS, IN PINT AND QUART TINS,
PRESERVED VEGETABLES,
PRESERVED HAMS AND CHEESE,
PRESERVED BACON,
OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE SAUSAGES,
BOLOGNA SAUSAGES,
YORKSHIRE GAME AND PORK PATES,
TONGUES, GAME, POULTRY,
PLUM PUDDINGS,
LEA AND PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Fresh supplies of the above and numerous other table delicacies may be had from most Storekeepers.

### CAUTION.

To prevent the fraud of refilling the bottles or jars, they should *invariably be destroyed* when empty.

They should always be examined upon delivery, to detect any attempt at substitution of articles of inferior brands.

All genuine goods bear the names of Crosse & Blackwell on the Labels, Corks, and Capsules of the Bottles, Jars and Tins.

CROSSE AND BLACKWELL,
PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN,
SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

AGENTS—MESSRS. TREACHER & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA

### INDIGESTION RELIEVED IN FIVE MINUTES.
DR. SIMES'
FAR-FAMED
PEPSINE MIXTURE,
The only Cure for
INDIGESTION.

Trade Mark "PEPSINE MIXTURE."

THE GREAT HEALER OF THE STOMACH, IS WARRANTED TO CURE

| | |
|---|---|
| Indigestion | Pains between the Shoulders |
| Heartburn | Loss of Appetite |
| Wind | Rejection of Food |
| Acidity | Bitterness in the Mouth |
| Giddiness | Jaundice |
| Headache | Redness in the Face |
| Liver Complaint | Palpitation, &c. |

It quickly removes all obstructions from the stomach, and promotes the healthy action of the viscera. It causes a due secretion of bile, neutralises acidity, and removes all indigested food from the stomach, and assists Nature in her regular progress. It contains nothing injurious; can be taken by the most delicate person; is a good pick-me-up taken in the morning after excess of eating or drinking. Price Re. 1-8 per bottle, cash, or by post 2 stamps.

EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF INDIGESTION.

—WAGSTAFF, Esq., Droitwich, writes:—"Dear Sir,—I have suffered from indigestion and liver complaint for a long while, and have paid £ 0 to one of the first physicians in Birmingham for advice and medicines, but obtained no relief. One bottle of Dr. Simes' Pepsine Mixture has done me more good than all the medicines I have taken."

Mr. C. BAYNES, 78 High-street, Birmingham, writes:—"Your Dr. Simes' Pepsine Mixture not only sells well, but purchasers also speak in the highest terms of it, some even declaring that it has done them very much good when other things tried for years have failed, and amongst those prescriptions from various medical men."

COUGHS RELIEVED IN TWO MINUTES.

### BRONCHITIS!!! COUGHS!!! COLDS!!!
NEWTON-MASON'S
HOREHOUND AND LINSEED LINCTUS,
THE GREAT CURE FOR BRONCHITIS,
Is warranted to Cure

Coughs of years' standing, Asthma, Hoarseness, Colds, Difficulty of Breathing, Diphtheria, Inflamed, Sore and Ulcerated Throats, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, and all Diseases of the Lungs and Air Vessels. Thousands of persons have been cured of their coughs by its magic influences on the bronchial tubes. It will relieve the most distressing Coughs in two minutes as its effects are so rapid, speedily dissolving the congealed phlegm and causing free expectoration, thereby giving that inestimable boon a comfortable night's sleep, to sufferers. It is also a sure preventive against consumption. So ask for Newton-Mason's Patent Horehound and Linseed Linctus. Price Re. 1-8 per bottle, cash, or by post 48 stamps.

WONDERFUL CURE OF HOARSENESS AND COUGH.

Mrs. ANDREWS 21, Kenion-Street, writes:—"Dear Sir,—I am very much pleased to tell you that after I took four tea-spoonsful of your Linctus my hoarseness went quite away. It also relieved the cough immediately I gave some to my daughter. She had been hoarse for four months. It quite cured her. I also gave some to my little girl, twelve months old, suffering from whooping cough. It has cured her. I shall always recommend it."

WHOLESALE AGENT FOR INDIA:
A. W. MASON, 15, ROYAL STREET,
CALCUTTA.

RETAIL OF MESSRS. M. F. CASH AND CO.
APOLLO STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

F. SIMES' PATENT LIVER PILLS, warranted not to contain Blue Pill or Calomel, are the best and safest Pills ever yet discovered to cure quickly pains between the shoulders and in the side, by acting directly on the liver, without purging the bowels. Sold in boxes, Re. 1 each.

AGENTS WANTED THROUGHOUT INDIA.

NOW READY.

### THE INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE
FOR FEBRUARY 1877.
PRICE—EIGHT ANNAS,
*With a New Coloured Map.*

CONTAINING, besides the other usual information, the latest alterations in the Time Tables of the East Indian, Sind, Punjab and Delhi, B. B. & C. I. R., G. I. P., Nizam State, and several other lines of Railway.

The GUIDE, having a large circulation amongst Travellers, by Rail and otherwise, is a most effective medium for Advertisements.

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May be had at the Bombay Railway Terminus and of the following:—

AGENTS.

Bombay.....Thacker, Vining & Co.; Watson & Co.; Hormasjee Bomanjee, Bookseller; Refreshment Rooms, Apollo Bunder; Messrs. Cooper & Co.; Watson's Esplanade Hotel; Treacher and Co.; Badham & Co.; Asquith & Co.; Byculla Hotel; and Messrs. Almaram Sagoon & Co.
Allahabad.....Kellner & Co.
Bhoosawul.....Railway Refreshment Room.
Calcutta.....Wyman & Co.
Ceylon (Colombo)....."Ceylon Observer" Office.
Dejalac.....Cursetjee Donsathoy.
Jubbulpore.....Kellner and Co.
London.....G. Street 30, Cornhill; Gordon and Gotch, St. Bride Street, Ludgate Circus, E. C.
Madras.....Higginbotham & Co., and Railway Station, Rolehore.
Ootacamund....."Nelgherry Courier" Office.
Poona.....Treacher & Co.; Phillip & Co., and Royal Family Hotel
Shahabad.....Refreshment Room.
Secunderabad...Cursetjee and Co.

## CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
OF
LONDON, BORDEAUX,
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA,

PATRONS.

H. M. THE QUEEN, EMPRESS OF INDIA.

THE ADMIRALTY,
OWNERS OF INDIA, CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN S.S. LINES,
THE P. & O. Co., AND THE B. I. S. N. Co. FOR SOME OF THEIR SHIPS.

Fifty Regimental Messes, and the undermentioned Club Houses, &c. &c.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| THE BOMBAY. | THE ATHENÆUM. | THE CAWNPORE. | THE TIRHOOT PLANTERS. |
| THE REFORM. | THE HIMALAYA. | THE SIRSIND. | |
| THE WINDHAM. | THE NYNEE TAL. | THE TUTICORIN. | THE WESTERN INDIA |

BOMBAY PRICE LIST—(INCLUDING DUTY AND TOWN DUES.)

The amount of Duty and Dues on Wines, Spirits, Cordials, &c., at per case of one doz. qts. or two doz. pints is as follows:—

On Clarets and Burgundies, Rs. 2; German Still Wines, Sherries, and Ports, Rs. 3; Sparkling Wines, Rs. 5; Spirits and Cordials, Rs. 8. Town Dues, As 8 per case.

**These Cash Charges we cover in our Prices by general request, but include no Profit on the Advance, nor can we take Discount off duty and dues.**

ESTABLISHED IN BORDEAUX AND LONDON IN 1815 AND IN INDIA IN 1842

SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA FOR
Messrs. BISQUIT, DUBOUCHE & Co. of Cognac. | Messrs. LEAL BROS. and Co. of Madeira.
Messrs. WACHTER & Co. of Epernay. | The APOLLIANARIS WATER COMPANY.

BOMBAY HOUSE:—DEAN LANE, BOMBAY.
LONDON OFFICES:—5, ADELPHI TERRACE W.C. AND 44, MARK LANE, CITY, E.C.
CALCUTTA HOUSE:—10, HARE STREET, CALCUTTA. | BORDEAUX HOUSE:—PLACE DU CHAMP DE MARS.

MEMO OF TERMS.
An Order for Three Cases, accompanied by Cash, carries 10 per Cent. Discount off BOND VALUE
Three months' Credit, without Discount to approved Buyers.
Special Terms to Messes, Clubs, and Co-operative Societies.
Single dozen Orders subject to 5 per Cent. for Cash off Bond Value

N. B.—Forwarding Charges we add to our rates. We guarantees each case to contain its full complement of bottles when dispatched, and agree to take back or exchange any Wine that may not be approved of on arrival but not afterwards.

☞ *N.B.—Mofussil constituents are requested, before taking delivery of their Goods, to see that the weight agrees with the Railway receipt.*

LOCAL AGENTS.
Mr. JAMES PEARSE, 22, Apollo Street, Fort.
Mr. EDULJEE PALLONJEE, Bora Bazaar Street and Mr. JAMSETJEE NOWROJEE, Poydoni.

CASH. Per 1 dozen Quarts and 2 dozen Pints. Duties Paid.

CREDIT. Per 1 dozen Quarts and 2 dozen Pints. Duties Paid.

### BORDEAUX—Red.

| Cash Qts. Rs. a. | Cash Pts. Rs. a. | | Credit Qts. Rs. a. | Credit Pts. Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 54 12 | ... | PICHEON LONGUEVILLE, 1868 Vintage, a very rare Wine | 57 8 | ... |
| 31 0 | 33 0 | CHATEAU LAFITE or MOUTON (After Dinner Wines) | 32 8 | 34 8 |
| 26 4 | 28 4 | " RAUZAN (After Dinner Wines) | 27 8 | 29 8 |
| 23 8 | 25 8 | " PALMER (After Dinner Wines) | 24 8 | 26 8 |
| 20 8 | 22 8 | " LAROSE (After Dinner Wines) | 21 8 | 23 8 |
| 17 12 | 19 12 | " ST. JULIET (After Dinner Wines) | 18 8 | 20 8 |
| 15 12 | 17 12 | " CANTENAC (After Dinner Wines) | 16 8 | 18 8 |
| 14 0 | 15 12 | ST. ESTEPHE, a favourite | 14 8 | 16 8 |
| 11 8 | 13 8 | PETIT MEDOC, excellent for Cup | 12 0 | 14 0 |
| 11 0 | 12 8 | PAUILLAC | 11 8 | 13 0 |

### WHITE.

| Cash Qts. Rs. a. | Cash Pts. Rs. a. | | Credit Qts. Rs. a. | Credit Pts. Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 22 8 | 24 8 | HAUT SAUTERNES, delicate flavor, Red | 23 8 | 25 8 |
| 17 12 | 19 12 | SAUTERNE (Barsac) high, white cup | 17 8 | 19 8 |

### BURGUNDY—Red.

| Cash Qts. Rs. a. | Cash Pts. Rs. a. | | Credit Qts. Rs. a. | Credit Pts. Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 31 0 | 33 0 | CHAMBERTIN, the *elite* of Burgundies | 32 8 | 34 8 |
| 25 8 | 27 4 | NUITS or CORTON, high class Wine | 26 8 | 28 8 |
| 21 8 | 23 8 | VOLNAY, strongly recommended | 22 8 | 24 0 |
| 17 12 | 19 12 | BEAUNE, soft delicate flavor | 18 8 | 20 8 |
| 37 12 | 39 12 | SPARKLING Red Burgundy | 39 8 | 41 8 |

### WHITE.

| Cash Qts. Rs. a. | Cash Pts. Rs. a. | | Credit Qts. Rs. a. | Credit Pts. Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 25 8 | 27 4 | CHABLIS, Le Moutonne, fine White | 26 8 | 28 8 |
| 16 12 | 18 12 | CHABLIS, light, pleasant Wine | 17 8 | 19 8 |

### CHAMPAGNES.

| Cash Qts. Rs. a. | Cash Pts. Rs. a. | | Credit Qts. Rs. a. | Credit Pts. Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 47 8 | 51 4 | FINEST EXTRA DRY, a Grand Wine | 49 8 | 53 8 |
| 47 8 | 51 4 | WAGNER'S PRINCE OF WALES' BRAND | 49 8 | 53 8 |
| 29 4 | ... | Ditto ditto per hamper of 24 half-pints | 31 12 | ... |
| 41 12 | 43 8 | FINE DRY SPARKLING | 43 8 | 45 0 |
| 37 12 | 41 12 | GOOD SPARKLING (Star) | 39 8 | 43 8 |
| 31 4 | 34 0 | CARTE BLANCHE (Sibaday's) light particularly dry | 33 8 | 35 8 |
| 22 12 | 24 8 | CARTE ROUGE | 23 8 | 25 0 |

### SPARKLING GERMAN WINES.

| Cash Qts. Rs. a. | Cash Pts. Rs. a. | | Credit Qts. Rs. a. | Credit Pts. Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 42 8 | 44 8 | HOCK, NONPAREIL, extra quality, medium dry | 44 8 | 46 8 |
| 33 0 | 35 0 | HOCK, MUSCATEL, very choice | 34 8 | 36 8 |
| 28 4 | 30 4 | " EXCELLENT WINE | 29 8 | 31 8 |
| 42 8 | 44 8 | MOSELLE NONPAREIL (extra quality) | 44 8 | 46 8 |
| 33 0 | 35 0 | MOSELLE MUSCATEL (very choice) | 34 8 | 36 8 |
| 28 4 | 30 4 | MOSELLE, excellent Wine | 29 8 | 31 8 |

### STILL GERMAN WINES.

| Cash Qts. Rs. a. | Cash Pts. Rs. a. | | Credit Qts. Rs. a. | Credit Pts. Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 46 4 | 48 4 | HOCK JOHANNISBERGER, superior | 48 8 | 50 8 |
| 38 12 | ... | " MARCOBRUNNER | 40 8 | ... |
| 34 0 | ... | LIEBFRAUMILCH | 35 8 | ... |
| 30 8 | 31 0 | HOCK RUDESHEIMER, MELLOW | 30 8 | 32 8 |
| 24 8 | 26 4 | " HOCHHEIMER, fine flavored | 25 8 | 27 8 |
| 18 12 | 21 8 | " LAUBENSHEIMER, light refreshing | 19 8 | 22 8 |
| 25 8 | 27 4 | RED HOCK ASSMANHAUSER | 26 8 | 28 8 |
| 29 4 | ... | STEIN-WEIN IN BOCKSBEUTEL | 30 8 | ... |
| 29 4 | 31 0 | MOSELLE, BRAUNBERGER, delicate | 30 8 | 32 8 |

### PORTS.

| Cash Qts. Rs. a. | Cash Pts. Rs. a. | | Credit Qts. Rs. a. | Credit Pts. Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 35 12 | ... | OLD CRUSTED, very choice (some years in bottle) | 37 8 | ... |
| 26 4 | 28 4 | INVALDS full-bodied gold Capsule | 27 8 | 29 8 |
| 24 4 | 25 8 | DESSERT WINE, superior Black seal | 24 8 | 25 8 |
| 18 12 | 20 12 | A GOOD SOUND FULL WINE, red seal | 19 8 | 21 8 |
| 22 8 | ... | SACRAMENTAL WINE | 23 8 | ... |

### SPIRITS.—(OUR OWN.)

"Stars" now distinguish our various qualities of Cognac. Our duty paid Prices are:—

| Per doz n. Rs. a. | | | Per Dozen. Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 24 12 | P.C. * | Blue Capsule, a capital peg brandy | 25 8 |
| 13 4 | Do. | in Flasks | 13 12 |
| 8 0 | Do. | Half flasks | 8 4 |
| 26 8 | P.C. ** | White Capsule, delicate flavor | 27 8 |
| 14 4 | Do. | do. In Flasks " " | 14 12 |
| 30 8 | S.O.P. *** | Yellow Capsule, fine old, soft pale | 31 8 |
| 16 4 | Do. | do. In Flasks | 16 12 |
| 34 4 | V.S.O.P. **** | Black Capsule, old pale, the finest imported | 35 8 |
| 18 0 | Do. | do. In Flasks | 18 12 |
| 43 12 | | BLACK CAP, extra quality old | 45 8 |
| 21 12 | | R. M., the finest old Jamaica | 22 0 |
| 24 12 | | RUM, the finest old Jamaica Rum extra quality | 25 8 |
| 19 1 | | Do. fine "Pineapple" | 20 0 |
| 21 12 | | GIN, London Old Tom, first quality | 22 8 |
| 21 12 | | FIELD'S GIN | 22 8 |
| 22 12 | | WHISKY, Irish and Scotch, fine, old pure | 23 8 |
| 24 12 | | WHISKY SCOTCH, Fine old Pure extra quality | 25 8 |
| 17 8 | | GENEVA, in flasks, the best | 18 0 |

### SHERRIES.

We call especial attention to these—

| Per doz Qts. Rs. a. | | | Per doz Qts. Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 36 12 | | AMONTILLADO A 1. rare old | 38 8 |
| 35 0 | | AMONTILLADO, choice and superior | 36 8 |
| 32 0 | | CHOICE PALE SHERRY, "Reynall" | 34 8 |
| 26 4 | | MONTILLA, extra pale and very dry | 27 8 |
| 27 4 | | AMOROSO, full flavoured soft pale | 28 8 |
| 24 8 | | VINO PURO, very pale, dry | 25 8 |
| 23 8 | | OLOROSO, nutty and dry | 24 8 |
| 21 8 | | MANZANILLA | 22 8 |
| 20 12 | | PALE, dry medium | 21 8 |
| 19 12 | | VIN ORE PASTE, remarkably pale and very dry | 20 8 |
| 16 12 | | A GOOD DINNER WINE | 17 8 |
| 16 12 | | MARSALA VIRGIN, pale, fine flavour | 17 8 |
| 16 12 | | MADEIRA, E. I., very superior | 17 8 |
| 35 12 | | MADEIRA, Excellent Wine | 37 8 |

### LIQUEURS.

| Cash Qts. Rs. a. | Cash Pts. Rs. a. | | Credit Qts. Rs. a. | Credit Pts. Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 46 8 | 48 8 | CURACAO, Amsterdam, Orange and White | 48 8 | 50 8 |
| 7 12 | ... | CHARTREUSE GREEN per Bottle | 8 0 | ... |
| 6 8 | ... | Do. YELLOW " | 6 12 | ... |
| 50 4 | 54 4 | MARASCHINO DE ZARA best | 52 8 | 56 8 |
| 46 8 | ... | NOYEAU best | 48 0 | ... |
| 37 0 | 39 0 | CHERRY BRANDY, best Copenhagen | 38 8 | 40 8 |
| 19 12 | ... | ORANGE BITTERS | 20 8 | ... |
| 29 4 | ... | "KILL THE CROW" BITTERS | 30 8 | ... |
| ... | 27 0 | ASSORTED LIQUEURES, CHOICE | ... | 28 4 |

CASH. Of about 23 Gals. Quarter Cask. 46 Gals. Hdhs. CREDIT. Of about 23 Gals. Quarter Cask. 46 Gals. Hdhs.

### CLARET IN WOOD.

| Cash Rs. | Cash A. | | Credit Rs. | Credit A. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 268 | 4 | CHATEAU MOUTON | 294 | 12 |
| 213 | 4 | " RAUZAN | 233 | 12 |
| 189 | 4 | " PALMER | 206 | 12 |
| 156 | 8 | " LAROSE | 170 | 12 |
| 127 | 12 | " ST. JULIEN | 138 | 12 |
| 109 | 12 | " CANTENAC | 118 | 12 |
| 91 | 12 | " ST. ESTEPHE | 98 | 12 |
| 78 | 4 | " MEDOC | 83 | 12 |

Of these we keep no stock, but can import for special order.

### SHERRIES IN WOOD AND JARS.

| 4 Gals. per Jar. Rs. | 13½ Gals. Octaves. Rs. A. | 27 Gals. Quarter Hhds. Cask. Rs. A. | 54 Gals. Hhds. Rs. A. | | 4 Gals. per Jar. Rs. | 13½ Gals. Octaves. Rs. A. | 27 Gals. Quarter Cask. Rs. A. | 54 Gals. Hhds. Rs. A. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 68 12 | 212 12 | 416 4 | 823 8 | Amontillado, A1 | 73 0 | 233 12 | 457 4 | 904 8 |
| 66 0 | 198 4 | 387 8 | 766 0 | Amontillado, Black seal quality | 69 0 | 217 12 | 425 4 | 840 8 |
| 51 12 | 152 8 | 295 12 | 584 4 | Amoroso | 54 0 | 166 12 | 323 4 | 638 8 |
| 42 4 | 124 8 | 245 4 | 472 8 | Oloroso | 44 0 | 135 12 | 267 4 | 514 8 |
| 43 4 | 136 4 | 240 12 | 481 8 | Vino Puro | 45 0 | 137 12 | 267 4 | 524 8 |
| 39 4 | 115 8 | 222 0 | 436 8 | Manzanilla W | 41 0 | 125 12 | 241 4 | 474 8 |
| 36 8 | 106 8 | 206 8 | 400 8 | Yellow Seal W | 38 0 | 115 12 | 224 4 | 434 8 |
| 34 8 | 97 8 | 186 12 | 364 8 | Vino de Pasto W | 36 0 | 105 12 | 202 4 | 394 8 |
| 32 12 | 83 0 | 158 0 | 308 12 | White Seal | 34 0 | 89 12 | 170 4 | 332 8 |

The Quarter-Casks, Octaves and Jars are very convenient for Families, and will be found most economical. Jars with Wood Taps Rs. 1½, or with Plated Taps Rs. 4 extra.

Of the 3 qualities marked W we keep stocks. But the others we only import for special orders.

### PORTS IN WOOD.

| Per Octave. Rs. A. | Per Quarter Cask Rs. A. | Per Hhd. Rs. A. | | Per Octave. Rs. A. | Per Quarter Cask Rs. A. | Per Hhd. Rs. A. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 99 4 | 186 0 | 359 4 | Port, red seal | 107 12 | 201 4 | 388 8 |
| 119 4 | 207 8 | 404 4 | " black seal | 118 12 | 225 4 | 438 8 |
| 131 12 | 254 4 | 497 12 | Invalid's quality | 143 12 | 277 4 | 543 8 |

These we import for special orders only.

### SPIRITS IN WOOD.—(OUR OWN.)

| Per Gal without Jar. Rs. A. | 20 Gals. Cask. Rs. A. | | Per Gal without Jar. Rs. A. | Gals. 20 Cask Rs. A. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 13 12 | 261 12 | COGNAC, No. **** | 14 4 | 281 0 |
| 12 0 | 237 4 | " *** | 12 4 | 243 3 |
| 10 0 | 196 12 | " ** | 10 4 | 209 0 |
| 9 8 | 185 12 | " * | 9 12 | 197 0 |

The Jars can be returned for refilling. We keep stocks of bright Sherries and Cognacs in wood. An allowance of price for the Jar will be made, deducting all outlay for carriage to godown.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Empty Jar for | Ditto | 1 Gal. Rs. 2 | 0 Each. |
| Do. do. | do. | 2 " " 3 | 0 " |
| Do. do. | do. | 4 " " 4 | 0 " |

Wood Taps Re. 1-8 each. Plated Taps Rs. 4 each.

January, 1st 1877.

### THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.'S
WORLD RENOWNED LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES RECEIVED PER S.S. ZANTE.

PORTABLE CASE HAND MACHINES, very convenient for travelling.
NEW FAMILY MACHINES, by hand and foot both.
MEDIUM MACHINES for Tailors and Outfitters.
HALF and FULL CABINET CASES, richly inlaid.

No. 2 MACHINES, Wheel or Drop Feed. } For Boot and Shoe-making, Tailoring and all Manufacturing purposes.
" " with Roll Presser.
" " with combination Presser.
" " "Wax Thread" (for heavy Leather and Waterproof Work.)

PRICE LISTS SENT FREE ON APPLICATION.
BOMBAY:—6, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.
CALCUTTA:—2, LAZARUS & Co., DALHOUSIE SQUARE.
☞ Refer *Bombay Gazette* of 3rd November 1876.

## HOMEWARD BOUND PASSENGERS AND TRAVELLERS.

ARE RESPECTFULLY INVITED TO INSPECT

### BADHAM & COMPANY'S
CELEBRATED TRAVELLING KIT
READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

Cash Prices.

| | Rs. a. | | Rs. a. | | Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dock Suits | 10 to 15 8 | Travelling Caps | 3 8 | Courier do | 4-8 to 12 8 |
| Overland Suits | 25 0 | Travelling Seal-skin Caps | 6-8 to 8 8 | Money Belts | 2-8 to 6 8 |
| Warm Suits | 30 to 40 0 | Travelling Hats | 3-8 to 4 8 | Sovereign Boxes | 3 to 6 8 |
| Overcoats and Inverness Capes, from | 35 to 65 0 | Cardigan Jackets, very warm | 9-8 to 12 8 | Tiffin Baskets fitted | 16 to 22 8 |
| Dressing Gowns | 9 to 20 0 | Travelling do. | 9-8 to 12 8 | Air Pillows | 5 0 |
| Pyjamas | 3 0 | Sheets, per pair | 7 8 | Travelling do. | 1 8 |
| Oxford Shirts, Collar attached | 5 8 | Pillow Cases, each | 1-4 to 2 8 | Spong Bags | 1 8 |
| White do. | 4 8 | Blankets, each | 10 1 | English Feather do. | 7 8 |
| French Cambric do., Collar attached | 4 8 | Long Rugs or Socket Mauds | 10 to 19 8 | Do. Horse Hair do. | 7 8 |
| English Cambric do. | 4 0 | Rezais or Quilts | 5 8 | Folding Camp Headstead | 32 8 |
| B at Shrunk Flannel do. | 8 0 | Ladies' Long Wool Shawls | From 21 0 | Cork Mattrasses | 19 8 |
| Silk and Wool do. | 8 0 | Portmanteaus or Overland Trunks | 12 8 to 23 0 | Cotton do | 15 0 |
| Spun Silk do. | 11 0 | Solid Leather do. | 49 0 | Rug Straps | 1-8 to 2 0 |
| Gents' Under Vests | 3-8 to 6 0 | Extra Large do. | 75 0 | Waterproof Coats | 10 0 |
| Bathing Drawers | 3 0 | Black Hide Bags | 11 8 | 6-Inch Drab Twill Waterproof Sheeting | 6 0 |
| Gents' Under Pants | 4 to 8 0 | Extra large do. | 13 8 | 42-Inch White Waterproof | 4 8 |
| Silk Suspenders | 2 8 | Gladstone Bags | 24 0 | Linen Faced Collars doz. | 0 12 |
| Gents' Cotton Socks, doz. | 8 8 | Ladies' Hand Bag | 7 8 | Linen Cuffs per doz. | 1 8 |
| Warm do | 15 8 | Travelling Writing Cases fitted | 11 4 | Linen Cuffs per doz. | 13 8 |
| Ladies' Under Vests | 6 8 | Gents' Bags, fitted complete | 72 0 | Linen Collars doz. | 6 6 |
| Ladies' White Cotton Hose doz | 13 8 | Ladies' Carriage Bags, fitted complete | 58 8 | Cambric Handkerchiefs | 1 8 |
| Ladies' Heather Merino Hose doz | 9 0 | Gents' Dressing Cases | 11 8 | Warm Gloves | 1 0 |
| Children's White Cotton Socks, from doz. 6-8 to | 12 8 | Solied Linen Bags, all sizes 5 to 6 | 6 0 | Mits | 1 8 |
| Heather Merino do. 6-8 to | 12 8 | Ladies' Shoes | 2 11 | Mufflers | 2 12 |
| Ladies' Sun and Travelling Hats, from | 6 to 15 0 | Cash Bags | 6 12 | Pins, Scarf | 1 0 |
| | | | | Sailors' Knot | 1-8 to 3 0 |
| | | | | Windsors for Bow or ting | 1-8 to 4 0 |
| | | | | gents' Canvas Shoes | 2 12 |
| | | | | Elite Slippers | 2 8 |
| | | | | Leggar Laps, per doz. | 0 0 |
| | | | | China Bath Slippers | 2 0 |

| | Rs. a. |
|---|---|
| Filters for Travellers covered Wicker, from | 11 4 |
| Pock t Filters | 2 12 |
| Air Tight Uniform cases | 23 0 |
| Sponges | 3 8 |
| Soap Boxes | 1 8 |
| Smelling Salts, per bottle | 2 8 |
| Aromatic Vinegar per bot | 2 0 |
| To th Brush Gards | 0 12 |
| Do. Brushes | 0 10 |
| Nail Do | 0 12 |
| Hair Brushes and Combs in Pigskins case | 9-8 to 12 1 |
| Razors, Ivory Handles | 3 8 |
| Do. Strops | 3-8 to 5 1 |
| Nail Scissors | 1-8 to 1 2 |
| Briar Root Pipes | 1 12 |
| Tobacco Pouches | 1 8 |
| Campaign Taps | 8 8 |
| Pockets Knives | 2 8 |
| Marine Soap, 3 cakes for | 0 12 |
| Shaving do Stick | 1 0 |
| Lloyd's Euxess | 1 4 |
| Oriental Tooth Paste | 1 8 |
| Fragrant Florilline | 1 8 |
| Ordinary Chairs best Beach to | 1288. |
| Do. Strops | 3-8 to 5 1 |
| Nail Scissors | 1-8 to 1 2 |
| Briar Root Pipes | 1 12 |
| Tobacco Pouches | 1 8 |
| Campaign Taps | 8 8 |
| Pockets Knives | 2 8 |
| Marine Soap, 3 cakes for | 0 12 |
| Shaving do Stick | 1 0 |
| Lloyd's Euxess | 1 4 |
| Oriental Tooth Paste | 1 8 |
| Fragrant Florilline | 1 8 |
| Ordinary Chairs best Beach to | 1288. |
| Longar Laps, per doz. | 0 0 |
| Dumb Bells, from | 5 0 |

**Suits can be made to order in six hours.**

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF TRICHINOPOLY JEWELLERY.

## BADHAM & CO.

## FELT HATS VND HELMETS.

THORPE & Co. have just OPENED a LARGE SHIPMENT for the present Season.

FELT HATS.

| | Rs. a. |
|---|---|
| The Duke, New low Round Crown | 7 0 |
| Ditto ditto Extra Quality | 8 0 |
| Black Felt, medium height, Square Crown | 8 0 |
| Ditto ditto Round Crown | 8 0 |
| Soft Black Felt, Round Crown | 8 0 |
| Brown Felt, Fashionable Round Crown | 8 0 |
| Drab Felt, ditto ditto | 8 0 |
| Soft Crown, Black and Drab | 7 8 |
| Drab Soft High Crown | 8 0 |
| Black and Drab Soft Travelling Hats | 8 0 |
| Tweed Travelling Hats, in great variety, 2-8 to | 5 8 |
| Drab Shell Hats | 10 0 |
| Black Silk Dress | 13 8 |

HELMETS.

| | Rs. a. |
|---|---|
| Hawk's Regulation, best quality, covered white Do | 20 0 |
| The New Spike for Infantry | 7 0 |
| Spike and Plate for Staff and Cavalry | 10 0 |
| Gilt Chin Chains | 6 0 |
| Ellwood's Helmets, White | 13 0 |
| Ellwood's White Hunting Helmets | 13 8 |
| Ellwood's Shikar Hat, covered Flax | 13 8 |
| Ellwood's Patent Air-Chamber Felt Helmets, a sure protection against sunstroke | 18 0 |
| Christy's Drab Felt Helmets | 10 0 |
| Light Drab Felt Helmets for Lady or Gentleman | 10 0 |
| Light Helmets with extra Band | 10 0 |
| Drab Felt Milton Hats | 6-8 to 8 0 |

*LESS 10 PER CENT FOR CASH.*

## THORPE AND COMPANY,
CIVIL, NAVAL AND MILITARY TAILORS,
MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

## PRETTY LOVE TOKENS AND BIRTHDAY PRESENTS.
POSY RINGS.

"Is this a prologue, or the posy of a ring?"
HAMLET (Act iii. Scene 2).

Herrick, in his "Hesperides," says:—
"What posies for our wedding rings,
What gloves we'll give and ribbonings!"

And in his "Church Miseries":—
"Indeed, at first man was a treasure;
A box of jewels, shop of rarities,
A ring whose posie was my pleasure."

From the middle of the fourteenth century, it has been customary to inscribe a motto, or posy, on rings, consisting chiefly of a very simple sentiment, some of the inscriptions being very appropriate, others whimsical.

This custom is thus alluded to in the "Art of English Poesie," publishe i in 1589:—"There be also another like epigrams that were sent usually for New Year's-gifts, or to be printed or put upon banke-tting dishes of sucaplate, or of Metin paine, etc.; they were called Nenia, or Apophoreta, and never contained above one verse, or two at the most, but the shorter the